



VOL. LXXIX.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1906.

NO. 5.

A LEGISLATIVE RELAPSE.

At the rate at which legislation is proceeding in Harrisburg Governor Pennypacker will soon begin to despair of the reforms which he expected from the extra session. Few opportunities for a lobby job have arisen to tempt the cupidity of this remnant of the Machine Legislature; but one hove in sight last week, when a bill was under consideration to secure a nest dealing with the public in contracts for county bridges. This bill is in complete harmony with the proclamation of the Governor; but the Bridge Trust had its agents on the floor, who promptly rallied to the support of their employer.

Notwithstanding that this bill is clearly within the Governor's call as the repeal of the ripper, the shabby pretext was made that it was not in order, and on this hint it was temporarily defeated. It need hardly be added that nearly the whole of the Philadelphia banditti in the House were lined up in opposition to the bill. This goes to show that when the instinct of cupidity is stirred in the Machine Legislature, though ever so slightly, no steering committee at the Boas Mansion is needed for its guidance.

The admission into the Union of the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico will create a new State second only in dimensions to Texas. The Lone Star State has an area of 265,780 square miles. Arizona and New Mexico combined have an area of 235,600 square miles.

California, which hitherto has ranked next to the great empire of the Southwest, will now take third place in the Union with 158,360 square miles.

The new State of Arizona and Mexico will be five times as big as the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The Ohio legislature passed the bill making it illegal to charge more than two cents a mile railroad fare in that State so quick that it almost made them dizzy. Now it's up to the Pennsylvania law makers to follow their good example. No need to reform the mileage book.

The governor refuses to amend his call for the second extra session of the legislature. He insists that the members must first "do good" according to his way of thinking before he will give them more rope.

In the Pennsylvania Legislature a bill prepared by Attorney General Carson to regulate the deposit of state funds was introduced.

The House of Representatives by a vote of 182 to 2, passed the bill repealing the Philadelphia ripper.

Progress Grange Program.

Following is the program for the meeting of Progress Grange, Saturday, the 3rd instant:

What variety of vegetables should be planted first in the spring of the year to secure an early supply for the farmer's table? Mrs. D. W. Bradford. Recitation, Miss Annie Durst.

Advantages of using commercial fertilizer on spring crops. David Bartles.

Five minutes talk on the symbolism of the Order. Miss Florence S. Rhone. Question box.

College of Music.

\$84 pays six weeks instruction and board at the College of Music, Freeburg, Pa., Piano, organ, singing, brass and string instruments taught. Young people as well as adults. Terms begin May 7, June 13 and July 25. For Catalogue address, HENRY B. MOYER.

LOCALS.

Today (February 1st) the five per cent. is added to all unpaid taxes.

Messrs. George Horner and O. M. Lounberger, of near Pleasant Gap, favored the Reporter with a call Monday.

Rev. J. W. Wagner is now located in his new field of labor at New Bloomfield, Perry county. His former charge was at Buckhorn, Columbia county.

The Republicans of this borough are not nearly as dead as the size of their local ticket would indicate, but they have evidently concluded not to spar for the local offices.

A large number of Pennsylvania State College students, accompanied by ladies, visited Penns Cave Sunday. Some thirty of the number took dinner at the Old Fort Hotel.

The libel suits brought against Rev. Dr. Lawrence M. Coffelt, of Philadelphia, editor of the Pennsylvania "Hawkeye," a semi-weekly paper published at Bedford, and Joseph F. Biddle, editor of the "Everett Press," by Associate Judge William Diehl were settled in court at Bedford, last week. The suits were the outgrowth of the political campaign.

INCIDENTS OF 1876.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers. [Note: The spelling of proper names is the same as found in the files of the Reporter.]

JULY 27—James K., the six-year-old son of Alfred P. Hosterman, living near this place, fell through the over-shot at the barn, striking the ground with the back of his head. He was picked up insensible, and remained in a critical condition for several days.

A son of David Roseman, aged thirteen years, had a bottle of powder which exploded in his hands, the fragments of the glass cutting him frightfully.

Thomas Dale, of Harris township, while carrying a heavy load, stepped on a stone which turned under his foot, causing a fracture of his leg.

A son of Wash. Lonberger, on Nittany Mountain, shot himself through the hand by the accidental discharge of a pistol.

The Pennsylvania Railroad leased the branch road, passing through Penns Valley, for a period of ninety-nine years.

AUGUST 3—Emanuel Swartz, of Penn township, received a serious flesh wound on his hand, by coming in contact with a circular saw.

Orris McCormick brought six rattles and one copperhead snake to town, which he and several others killed on the mountain.

Isaac Cottle, of Milroy, intends coming to this place and opening a tailor shop.

The tavern and store stand at Aaronsburg, the property of B. F. Phillips, was sold to Mr. Boyer, of Snyder county, for \$4300. He also purchased the stock of goods.

Samuel H. Stover has supplied a want in Boalsburg by throwing his house open to public entertainment.

John Wolf and Mr. Hall, one of his workmen, were severely stunned by a stroke of lightning while in the field with a team of horses. Two horses were also knocked down. Neither of the men heard the thunder, although both saw balls of fire quite near them.

The ticket nominated by the Democrats at their recent county convention is as follows:

Senator—P. G. Meek.
Assembly—W. K. Alexander.
James F. Weaver.
Associate Judge—Samuel Frank.
John Divens.

Jury Commissioner—John Rishel.
The first ballot for assembly was: Alexander, 40; John F. Kreps, 35; James F. Weaver, 62. Second ballot, Alexander, 41; Kreps, 29.

Eight ballots were taken for associate judge. The candidates were Samuel Frank, John Divens, G. Buchanan, John Rishel, W. H. Miller, J. G. Larimer, N. J. Mitchell, Capt. Dopp, D. Z. Klue. On the eighth ballot Mr. Frank had 44 and Mr. Rishel 28.

Adam Hoy was chairman of the convention, and C. M. Bower, John A. Rupp and S. Ettlinger were secretaries. John Hoffer was elected county chairman.

Rebersburg is organizing an independent military company. B. F. Bailey is captain.

AUGUST 24—Michael Krumbine, of near this place, was rendered unconscious by a fall from a wagon, and died a few days later.

Bricklayers have commenced work on the new Lutheran church, at Rebersburg. Mr. Zerbe, of this place, is doing the work.

J. O. Deininger's brick house is up. Dr. Neff has improved his house by a brick addition. Levi Murray's new brick house comes next.

J. F. Throne has sold his Centre Mills store and mill property to Joseph K. Moyer for \$10,000.

AUGUST 31—Mr. Irvin was appointed associate judge by the governor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge W. W. Love.

Aaronsburg residents have petitioned for a road leading from that town south to intersect with the road from Millheim to Coburn at a point near Swartz's saw mill.

The young men of the Loop have organized a brass band.

Last week's Republican announced the following Republican candidates for assembly: George M. Boal, Potter; P. T. Mosser, Aaronsburg; Wm. McFarlane, Harris; George Zeigler, Philadelphia; O. S. McCurdy, Penn; John D. Foot, Penn.

George Beatty sold his farm in Nittany Valley to James Gramley for \$125 per acre.

Abram V. Miller, of Pleasant Gap, and Daniel H. Rote, of Aaronsburg, have been appointed revenue storekeepers for the 18th district of Pennsylvania.

Married—June 25, Howard A. Moore, of Howard, and Miss Laura J. Ryman, of Milesburg. July 29, Thomas B. Bitzer, of Pleasant Gap, and Miss Hannah B. Gingrich, of Linden Hall. August 31, J. W. Zeigler, of Cumberland Valley, Va., and Angeline Vonelda, of Brush Valley. September 3, A. A. Frank and Miss E. J. Kremer, both of Millheim.

A NEW DEPARTMENT.

"Write-Ups" of Men and Women Who Are Meeting With Success.

With the next issue of the Reporter a new department, devoted to successful men and women, will be opened. It is the intention of the Reporter, by the aid of a number of assistants, to publish each week a "write-up" of some man or woman from Penns or Brush Valley, who has gone out into the world, and is making a success in life. In this department the professional man, the teacher, the business man, the farmer, will be given place. These "write-ups" will not be colored, but will give facts.

The majority of the Reporter readers will be acquainted with each subject, which will greatly intensify the interest.

COUNTY MUST REPAIR ALL COUNTY BRIDGES.

Township will be Relieved of Repairing Bridges Heretofore or Hereafter Built by the County.

Last week a law passed by the legislature referring to condemned or appropriated turnpikes, which places the maintaining of the same upon the county, was quoted. Following is another act bearing on the subject of bridges that will interest townships. This law quoted below, makes it obligatory upon the county to keep in repair all bridges heretofore or hereafter built by the county. It has been the custom for counties to build bridges and oblige the township, in which they were located, to repair them, including planking, etc. This law is very plain, and is quoted in full:

AN ACT.
NO. 57.

Requiring county commissioners to repair all county bridges, and to pay the expenses of such repairs out of the county treasury.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to repair all county bridges, heretofore erected or to be hereafter erected by the county, and to pay the expenses of such repairs out of the county treasury, in the usual manner.

Section 2. All laws or parts of laws, general, special or local, inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

APPROVED—The 30th day of March, A. D. 1905.

SAM'L W. PENNYPACKER.

New \$300,000 Penny Shop.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will erect a four-story brick and steel shop building, at Altoona, to cost \$300,000. It will be occupied by the frame, casting, tin and electrical departments.

Note of Thanks.

M. B. Duck and family hereby wish to extend their most sincere and hearty thanks to the neighbors and friends who so kindly aided and assisted them during their recent bereavement.

State Board of Agriculture.

Governor Pennypacker was re-elected president of the Pennsylvania State Board of Agriculture. Other officers were elected as follows:

Vice Presidents, S. M. McHenry, Indiana; A. J. Kahler, Hughesville, and P. S. Fenstermacher, Allentown; Executive Committee, Howard G. McGowan, Geigers Mills; J. A. Eschbach, Milton; J. Newton Glover, Vicksburg; M. E. Conrad, West Grove; Samuel McCreary, Volant; H. C. Snively, Oleona, and E. E. Tower, Hop Bottom.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Samuel Gingary, et. ux., to William Gingary, June 13, 1891; 86 acres 68 perches in Worth twp. \$2400.

J. H. Reifensnyder to Samuel Weiser, February 22, 1902; lot No. 38 in Millheim addition. \$112.

George W. Ingram, et. ux., to T. E. Griest, January 6, 1906; two lots in Unionville. \$800.

Michael Grove, et. al., to D. M. Wagner, January 16, 1878; in Bellefonte, Quaker Hill. \$1000.

Chas. Grove et. ux., to Michael Grove, et. al., January 28, 1876; in Bellefonte, Quaker Hill. \$1300.

Wm. H. Blauser, et. ux., to Daniel N. Kennedy, January 14, 1904; in Gregg twp., 1 acre 12 perches. \$400.

Adam Yarch, et. ux., to Peter Robb, February, 1900; 157 perches in Howard Boro. \$900.

"Had" Allison Dead.

James Harvey Allison, familiarly known to many of the Reporter readers as "Had" Allison, was seriously injured and died within a few days after the accident, at North Baltimore, Ohio. Mr. Allison was the son of Clay Allison, late of Nittany Valley, deceased, and is survived by a widow, nee Kate Shaffer (daughter of ex-Sheriff Shaffer) and several children. His age was about forty-eight years.

The deceased left home unceremoniously, and nothing was heard of him until the sad news of his death was received. After the accident, he requested his friends to appraise his father, at Look Haven, of his condition. The fact that his father has been dead for several years, indicates that he was not in communication with any one from his former home.

WANTED—75 to 100 men to work in Hammer Shop and Boring Mill. Apply to the Standard Steel Works, Burnham, Millis county, Pa.—o.s.

GUILTY IN SECOND DEGREE.

The Negro, Bert Delige, Was Found Guilty of Murder in the Second Degree, Thursday.

Bert Delige, a negro, was convicted of murder in the second degree, for the shooting of Ralph Williams, a thirteen-year-old boy, last October.

Delige said the gun was accidentally discharged, but the evidence showed that he had wilfully pointed the weapon at the boy.

A large number of witnesses were examined and there was very little disagreement in the evidence, which showed that at noontime, on October 20th, Delige came by the school house where the children were at play and that he threw his gun from his shoulder and pointed it at the Williams boy when it was discharged, the load of shot practically tearing the left leg off about seven inches above the heel. Some of the witnesses testified that Delige said, "Watch out, I'll shoot you," while others testified that they did not hear him say anything. The case was ably tried, District Attorney W. G. Runkle and J. C. Meyer representing the Commonwealth and E. R. Chambers defending the prisoner.

After being out two hours, the jury returned a verdict of murder in the second degree.

The jury selected was composed as follows: Samuel Kremer, Benner township; B. D. Tate, Bellefonte; Luther Peters, College township; J. E. Harter, Penn; W. R. Neff, Potter; Daniel Kern, Walker; W. H. Steele, Spring; Charles Miller, Bellefonte; Reuben Smull, Miles; C. S. Bodorf, Potter; Maurice Miller, Bellefonte, and S. R. Pringle, Worth.

Hard Coal in Snyder County.

A vein of anthracite coal has been discovered by prospectors in Washington township, Snyder county. Experts have pronounced it to be of good quality.

Hospital Aid Society.

The hospital aid society meets at the Presbyterian manse Monday evening, February 5th. Scripture subject is perseverance. The author is Washington Irving. Ladies come prepared to sew. We have some towels to make. M. H. KREAMER, Sec.

25,535 Accidents in a Year.

It is shown by the report, which is now in the hands of the State Printer, that the total number of fatal accidents on railroads operating wholly or in part of Pennsylvania for the fiscal year, which ended June 30, 1905, was 3460, and of non-fatal accidents 22,075, or a grand total of 25,535.

Orphanage Needs Room.

The Odd Fellow's Orphanage, near Sunbury, is in a prosperous condition, and the children are well cared for, considering that there are seventy-six children in the home. Many applications are on file for new admissions, but for lack of room cannot be accommodated now. The board at its recent annual session determined to hurry to completion the additions now under way.

Ugly Monroe County Women.

The women, the marrying women, in Monroe county must be horribly ugly. This proves it:

The common practice among Monroe county justices to marry young couples for fifty cents and kiss the bride as a free will offering has put the office in great disfavor and given political leaders all kinds of trouble.

Neither the Democrats or Republicans of East Stroudsburg have filed candidates in the commissioners' office for justice of the peace.

One taxpayer, who would fill the office with credit, refused to run because of present condition, said:

"No fifty-cent marrying business for mine. Raise the price and cut out the kissing and you will find plenty of good men who are willing to take the office."

Keith's Theatre.

An attractive novelty at Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, this week is Henry Lee, the great impersonator of famous men, past and present. Stephen Grattan and Maude White in a sketch entitled, "Looked out at Three A. M.," present a pleasing feature of the entertainment, while Pearl and Violet Allen in "The New Reporter," give added enjoyment.

Others who appear at this popular playhouse are: The Ma Carte Sisters, in a European wire act; Smith and Campbell, irresistible conversationalists; Bedford and Winchester, burlesque jugglers; Conlon and Hastings, Minnie Harrison, John Birch, "The Man With the Hat"; Delmar Brothers, barrel jumpers. Anderson and Goines keep up the merriment with their wit, songs and dancing, and Kern's dog is sure to please.

An extra added attraction is Lasky's Military Octette and "The Girl with the Baton," the greatest musical act in vaudeville.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

It is reported that Wm. Bloom, on the Brockerhoff farm, intends going west.

Postmaster John T. Stuart, of State College, recently made a trip to Washington, D. C.

It's been pretty cold within the past ten days, and yet very fine weather for mid-winter.

Joe Fauble, of Bellefonte, will embark in the clothing business in Monongahela City.

It is announced that Miss Grace Christine, of Elysburg, is to be married in the spring.

While on her way to church, Mrs. Uriah Housel, of Milesburg, slipped on the ice, fell and broke her leg.

Alexandria and Petersburg are now lighted by electricity from the newly installed water power plant at the old Hatfield dam.

Glenn, the little son of Samuel Wasson, of Lemont, was bitten by a large dog said to have been mad. The brute was the property of Mr. Wasson.

Bishop Berry has been appointed to preside over the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist church, which convenes in Altoona. The date is March 8th.

Carpenter Aaron Thomas is remodeling the second story of Murray's drug store. The same will be occupied by Mr. Murray and his daughter, Miss Agnes, as living apartments.

Thomas Boal, who now lives on the "Stone Mill" farm, owned by George Harter, will move to the Brockerhoff farm, east of Old Fort. Mr. Confer, of Georges Valley, will succeed Mr. Boal.

Rev. R. W. Illingworth, the popular pastor of the Somerset Presbyterian church, had a bad fall in front of his residence. He slipped and fell on the hard stone pavement, sustaining serious injuries.

Constable Ellis Myers arrested Charles Fisher, at Dunstons, on the charge of robbing the store of Raup & Son, at Lamar, and stealing a horse from W. H. Brown, at Clintondale. Fisher confessed.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Zerby, of Uniontown, visited the latter's father, John Spicher, in Centre Hall. They were accompanied by their little daughter. Mr. Zerby is a railroad locomotive engineer.

D. K. Keller and F. V. Jodon announce public sale of their farm stock and implements on March 2, on the Huston farm, east of Centre Hall. Mr. Jodon will move to Axe Mann, and work in the stone quarry.

Christ Keller was sworn in as assistant mail carrier over the rural route out from Centre Hall. He succeeds his brother, D. K. Keller, who will move to his farm in the spring, and thus be too far away to serve.

The residence of Harvey Schares, one mile west of Loganton, was destroyed by fire with all its contents. The fire occurred about eight o'clock in the evening while the family was at Loganton. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will probably complete the Midland Railroad between Bedford and Altoona next summer. Agents of the company are inducing owners of valuable sand lands along the line of the road to develop these deposits and thus provide freight for the new road.

John Morrissey, an assistant track foreman on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, was the victim of a peculiar accident. He, with several of his men, was riding a hand car, and in some manner he was thrown off. The car ran over his right leg, fracturing the bone and badly bruising the flesh.

Messrs. William H. and John Noll, of Pleasant Gap, were in town Monday, and took home with them a fine draft horse purchased somewhere in the valley. The Nolls are interested in the lime kilns and stone quarries opened up near Pleasant Gap, and predict a steady, continuous boom for their home town. The fire in several of the lime kilns was started Monday morning. Stone crushing for ballast and other purposes, has been in operation for some time.

Among the callers at the Reporter office the latter part of last week, was Wm. C. Sweetwood, of St. Louis, Missouri. Mr. Sweetwood came east to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Sweetwood, near Centre Hill, before moving to Idaho. Mr. Sweetwood took a trip from St. Louis to Idaho last summer, and was so favorably impressed with the country that he made a purchase of a quarter section near American Falls. This section is along Snake river, west of Pocatello, and is traversed by an irrigating canal operated by the American Falls and Power Canal Company. Mr. Sweetwood did not come east,

THE MUTINEERS STILL IN CONTROL

Situation at Vladivostok Has Not Been Improved.

FLAMES ARE SPREADING IN GOMEL.

At Lodz, Russian Poland, Three Men Entered a Hospital and Stabbed to Death a Man Who Had Been Condemned By Revolutionists—The Value of Castles Burned by the Revolutionists in the Baltic Provinces Is \$4,000,000.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Beyond the fact that the revolt at Vladivostok is not subdued and that the mutinous sailors and soldiers are still standing by the guns at the Holy Innocents' Battery, the War Office had nothing to give out regarding the situation at the fortress.

The only further news available was a newspaper dispatch, stating that two squadrons of the Nerchinsk Regiment of Cossacks had arrived, and that many arrests had been made. From the absence of news it is concluded that General Mode, who is temporarily in command of the troops is awaiting the arrival of Lieutenant-General Mischchenko, who is expected at Vladivostok, before venturing on serious measures against the mutineers.

The seizure of arms by the mutineers was a sequel of a street fight, in which a number of sailors of the Siberian contingent were killed.

The public takes only a languid interest in the latest mutiny. The papers merely print the news, which had no effect on the Bourse, without comment.

The Government has been advised from Irkutsk, Siberia, that a number of officials and employees of the general offices of the trans-Baikal Railroad have been arrested on the charge of being implicated in abstracting from a Government munition train 1,000 rifles, 1,000 revolvers and 10,000 cartridges and giving them to the revolutionists. A search was instituted for the cartridges, during which many of the rifles were recovered. The authorities also discovered nine bombs.

A large number of summary searches and arrests have occurred lately at Tsarskoe-Selo. The store of a Jewish druggist named Abramovich was ransacked, but no seizures were made. The police say the affair was unimportant, and that they merely desired to keep an eye on all suspects in the immediate neighborhood of the Emperor. The plot at Moscow revealed by the arrest of the pseudo Princess Koslovskaya January 18, however, was found to be really serious and to have wide ramifications intended to encompass the death of Governor-General Doubovoff, of Moscow, and all his staff at the blessing-of-the-water ceremony. The authorities are convinced that the revolutionary leaders have eliminated uprising and street fighting from their program for the time being, in favor of terrorist attempts against high officials, and have already succeeded in breaking up several conspiracies in embryo.

STOLE FOR WEDDING TROUSSEAU.

Pretty Woman Accused of Shoplifting in a New York Store.

New York, (Special).—Tearfully confessing that she was stealing underwear and ornaments for her wedding trousseau, and that her friend was helping her, Lottie Vedder, 26 years old, and pretty, was arrested in a Sixth Avenue department store by the store detectives. Tucked in their shirtwaists, under their coats and in their muffs, they carried two silk waists, two cut glass perfume bottles, boxes of face powder, bottles of toilet water and more than a dozen pieces of lingerie.

Both women said they were married by trade. Lottie Vedder told the police she had never been a shoplifter, but that she is engaged to marry a Virginia business man in a few months and is anxious to get together a trousseau.

KEPT 5 YEARS READING BIBLE.

Geneva, N. Y. (Special).—Dr. William R. Brooks, director of Smith Observatory and professor of astronomy at Vassar College, discovered a new comet in the northeastern sky. Its position is right ascension 16h. 19m. 30s.; declination north, 47 degrees and 10 minutes. It has a moderate motion in a northwesterly direction. This is said to be the first comet of the year and is the twenty-fifth discovered by Professor Brooks.

NOTED AERONAUT DEAD.

London (By Cable).—Stanley Spencer, the aeronaut, died at Malta while on his way home from India. Spencer on September 10, 1902, made a remarkable flight over London in an airship of his own invention. It was estimated that he traveled nearly 30 miles and had complete control of his vessel. Spencer's father and brother Percival were also aeronauts of note.

NINE HOURS IN PANAMA.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The House voted to adopt the rule making the provision for the abrogation of the eight-hour law in the canal zone an order in the urgent deficiency bill. Dilatory motions were made by the minority to prevent the further consideration of the bill.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

The Mexican lap dog is the smallest member of the dog family. Seal skins to the number of 3,128 were shipped from Alaska last season.

The Christian population of the earth is estimated at \$2,000,000,000, of which 43 per cent. is Catholic.

An eminent scientist has estimated that the average man's eyelids open and shut 1,000,000 times during the year.

In Govan, Scotland, the health authorities have traced to wandering diseased rats recent deaths from diphtheria.

A man in Portland, Ore., proposes to purchase fire logs which the sawmills of British Columbia will not use, build them into enormous rafts, and tow them to San Diego, to be there cut into firewood.

THE LATEST NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

DOMESTIC

Captain Van Schaick, master of the General Slocum, on which 1,000 lives were lost, has been sentenced to 10 years in jail. He has made an appeal from the decision.

Nelson Morris & Co. and Armour & Co. deny the giving of bribes to Chicago newspaper men to influence reports of the beef packers' trial in Chicago.

Rev. H. S. Little, just returned from the Orient, says the students of the Chinese universities are fomenting a revolution and favor a republic.

Mrs. Susan Day Parker, accused of participating in the firing of the yacht Scythian for the insurance, has been declared not guilty.

Charles L. Tucker, convicted of the murder of Mabel Page, of near Cambridge, Mass., has been sentenced to be electrocuted.

Secretary Loeb announces that the government may prosecute the wreckers of the Enterprise National Bank of Pittsburgh.

Norman Haggood, editor of Collier's Weekly, was acquitted of a charge of criminal libel preferred by Justice Joseph M. Deuel.

In the Greene-Gaynor trial telegrams bearing upon the allegation that an attempt was made to bribe a Government inspector were admitted.

The miners of the Southwest at Indianapolis decided to stand by the demand for the admission of the joint conference.

There are indications that District Attorney Jerome is preparing to prosecute certain persons involved in insurance irregularities.

Fire in the sanitarium of Miss Anna L. Alston, in New York, endangered the lives of a number of patients who had recently been operated on.

Constantina Levi and Petro Foracik, alleged secretaries of the Baird (Pa.) anarchist band, were arrested near Monongahela, Pa.

Fourteen lives were lost in an explosion in the Whitteville Mine, Indian Territory, that was caused by fire-damp.

The Pennsylvania State Senate ordered an investigation of the Insurance Department of that state.

The Bank of San Luis Obispo, Cal., closed its doors by order of the bank commissioners.

Charles Winn killed his wife, her sister and himself in Providence, R. I. United States District Attorney Morrison denounced the attorneys for the beef packers of Chicago as trust lawyers and that their defense of immunity is clatrap.

Mary McCall, age 16 years, saved two Northern Central Railway trains from a wreck near Harrisburg, Pa., by signaling that a boulder had rolled on the tracks.

James Debuys, for 32 years a member of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange and prominent in the social and business world of that city, died suddenly.

The Mississippi compress, at Jackson, Miss., with 9,500 bales of cotton, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$750,000, with insurance of \$500,000.

Seven St. Louis women have been stabbed by a "Jack the Cutter."

Remarks by Colonel Meldrin, of counsel for Greene and Gaynor, now on trial in Savannah, were construed as a reflection on the court by Judge Speer, who ordered the attorney to his seat, and delivered a scathing address from the bench.

The suit of Morris C. Mengis against Gen. Louis Fitzgerald for a fee of a million dollars in connection with the sale of the Western Maryland Railroad will come for retrial in Brooklyn in February.

The wage scale committee of the United Mineworkers' Convention has reported in favor of a 12 1/2 per cent. increase in wages, an eight-hour workday and a working contract for a year.

Mrs. Anna Howard, of Brooklyn, N. Y., known as the "baby carriage thief," was sentenced to five years at hard labor.

FOREIGN

Nearly 250 revolutionists in the Baltic region have been shot, several thousand are under arrest and 5,000 rifles have been captured. The revolutionists have burned 200 castles, with an aggregate value of \$4,000,000.

Private conferences between the French and German delegates to the Moroccan conference have developed a plan whereby Italy would be charged with the organization of a semimilitary police.

A mass-meeting of Servians held to protest against Austria-Hungary's action in closing the frontier to the importation of Servian cattle urged a commercial union with Bulgaria.

Twenty-five members of the diplomatic corps at Caracas have notified President Castro that they cannot accept his attitude toward M. Taigny, the recent French charge d'affaires.

The Japanese Legation at Rome will be raised to an embassy and M. Uchida will receive the appointment.

Trouble has been renewed in Morocco between Raisuli, the bandit chief, and the Anjara tribesmen.

The Russian government is abolishing the sinecure positions in the army and navy.

Emperor William of Germany celebrated his forty-seventh birthday.

Meager news reaches St. Petersburg of a mutiny among the reservists at Vladivostok.

Colonel Prossorovski, chief of the gendarmes of Persia, East Russia, has been notified by revolutionists that he is to be assassinated.

Thomas Higgins, Irish Nationalist, elected to Parliament Thursday, died of heart disease Friday.

The chairman respectively of the French and German delegations to the Moroccan conference held a private meeting to discuss the situation. It is probable that Switzerland or some other small neutral power will be entrusted with the organization of the Moroccan police.

Jules Jaluzot, former member of the French Chamber of Deputies, charged with illegally using funds for speculations in the Paris sugar market, thereby causing a panic, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Five foreigners—three Frenchmen, a German and an Austrian—have been convicted of conspiring to disturb public order and expelled from Haiti.

The British House of Commons contains a larger representation of Jews than ever before. Sir Edward Grey, the new foreign secretary, has been returned by a large majority.

SIX HOTEL GUESTS DIE IN FLAMES

Chief Hotel in Lowell, Mass., is Destroyed.

SEVERAL BURNED AND INJURED.

The Richardson Hotel, One of Lowell Leading Hostleries, Is Partly Destroyed by Fire—Rapid Sweep of Flames Through the Building Cut Off Those on the Upper Floors.

Lowell, Mass. (Special).—Several persons are thought to have lost their lives and more than 20 are injured in a fire which partially destroyed the Richardson Hotel, one of the leading public houses in the city, early Saturday morning.

The fire started a few minutes before 2 o'clock and by the time the firemen reached the scene the flames had penetrated to all of the floors and dense smoke was issuing from the windows, to which many of the guests in the upper part of the structure had fled to escape suffocation.

A second alarm brought assistance to the firemen within a few minutes, and dozens of police officers were hurried to Middlesex Street from the Central Station. The firemen and police rescued many guests, 20 or more of whom had been injured, but during the first half hour that the fire was in progress it was not known that there had been any fatalities.

At 2:30 o'clock the firemen reported that they had seen a half dozen bodies of women on the fourth floor.

There is some doubt, however, about the number of fatalities. It is thought that several more persons lost their lives, but up to 3 A. M. it has been impossible to tell the exact number, as the hotel continued to burn fiercely in places, and an investigation was out of the question for the time being.

Few of the guests had time to carry away any of their clothing, and most of them left their valuables behind.

In the panic which ensued during the excitement attending their escape many people were severely injured and burned.

The most seriously injured were removed to St. John's Hospital. Within half an hour after the fire broke out more than 20 of those hurt had been removed to that institution.

Shortly after 3 o'clock the bodies of two unknown women were removed from the burning building. It was then believed that there were more bodies in the hotel, but the fire was burning so fiercely that a search was impossible.

The Richardson Hotel is a moderate-sized structure of brick and of four stories in height, with a flat roof. The hotel is situated at the corner of Middlesex and Dutton Streets, directly opposite the Middlesex Street Station of the Boston and Maine Railroad. The hotel was usually largely patronized by commercial travelers.

CUBANS' GIFT TO MISS ROOSEVELT.

Senate Authorizes President Palma to Expend \$25,000.

Havana, (Special).—The Senate unanimously passed an appropriation of \$25,000 for the purchase of a wedding gift for Miss Alice Roosevelt. Just before the conclusion of the session the secretary of the Senate read a bill which had been introduced jointly by Senator Mendez Capote, the vice president-elect; Senator Zayas, president of the Liberal party, and Gen. Manuel Sanguily, the leader of the independent party, directing President Palma to select a wedding gift for Miss Roosevelt and appropriating \$25,000 therefor.

Each of the senators introducing the bill spoke in a similar strain to Senator Zayas, who said that Cuba owed some evidence of appreciation to her unfailing friend, Theodore Roosevelt, and that the wedding of his daughter afforded opportunity to demonstrate Cuba's love for and appreciation of her illustrious father. Each speaker pointed out that all parties had agreed to the propriety and appropriateness of the making of such a gift.

Before the vote was taken General Cisneros, who has been called the most anti-American man in Congress, voiced his approval of the bill, and moved that it be passed by acclamation. It was so passed. Assurances are given that the House will take similar action.

Killed Wrong Colonel.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Colonel Prossorovski, chief of the gendarmes at Pensa, East Russia, has been informed by the local revolutionary organization that the recent murder of Colonel Lissovski, commanding the Seventy-eighth Infantry Division, by members of the organization, was a blunder. He had been mistaken for Colonel Prossorovski, and the organization has notified the latter that the error will shortly be rectified.

Costly Staircase Unusable.

St. Paul (Special).—Pearl Hall, aged 11 years, who was adopted when a baby by her grandfather, Anton Myers, here, has spent the last five years of her life mainly studying the Bible. The girl did so on a bread-and-water diet, with an occasional bit of boiled rice. Since she was 6 years old her grandfather compelled her to read the Bible at all hours of the day. The girl would not even be allowed to go out and play. Her health has been seriously injured. The Humane Society interfered in her behalf and the court placed her in another family.

Another Brooks Comet.

York, Pa. (Special).—Colister Morton Craig, an architect, of this city, has been awarded second prize—a silver medal given by the Architectural League of New York—in a design competition which was open to all architects, students, and draftmen under 30 years of age and residents of the United States. The winners of the first and second prizes have been invited to attend the annual dinner of the Architectural League in New York, when the medals will be presented.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Nearly \$3,000,000,000.

The foreign commerce of the United States approached surprisingly near to the \$3,000,000,000 point in the calendar year, 1905, according to a report issued by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

"The total imports and exports of merchandise," the report says, "is \$2,806,000,000, against \$2,307,000,000 in 1904, an average increase of \$100,000,000 a year in the five-year period. If to the \$2,806,000,000 of foreign commerce in 1905 were added the figures of trade with Hawaii and Porto Rico, formerly foreign territory, and included in our statements of foreign trade prior to 1901, the total would approximate \$2,900,000,000 or about \$600,000,000 more than five years ago and \$1,200,000,000 more than 10 years ago.

"Another notable characteristic of the year's foreign trade is the fact that the exports in the month of December were practically \$200,000,000, the largest month's exportation in any year prior to December, 1905, being that of December, 1904, when the total was \$174,819,566."

The report adds:

"The import record for 1905 is also in excess of that of any preceding year, being for the 12 months ended with December \$1,179,358,846, against \$1,035,909,190 in 1904. The growth of imports, while not rapid, has been steady and continues to be so, keeping pace, approximately, with the growth of population."

"The commerce with the noncontiguous territory of the United States also makes a new high record for 1905, and will amount to about \$130,000,000 in value, against a little less than \$100,000,000 last year."

Year to Complete Bridge.

The Senate Committee on Commerce, through Mr. Frye, of Maine, submitted a report to the Senate in favor of the passage of the joint resolution providing for an extension of one year in the time in which the highway bridge and approaches across the Potomac River at Washington is to be completed.

By a joint resolution approved February 18, 1905, the time for completing the construction of this bridge and its approaches was extended to February 12, 1906. While the work on the bridge proper will be completed by that date and the opening of the bridge and approaches need not be delayed, it is estimated by Secretary Taft and the Chief of Army Engineers that it will require the entire working year of 1906 to finish all the work on the approaches, the most important work being the construction of a steel and concrete bridge over the Washington channel in the Washington approach.

\$1,000,000 Philippine Bonds.

The Philippine government has authorized the Bureau to Insular Affairs of the War Department to sell \$1,000,000 gold public improvement bonds of the Philippine Islands under authority granted by the act of Congress approved February 6, 1905.

These bonds are redeemable at the pleasure of the Philippine government after 10 years, and will be payable in 30 years after date. Principal and interest at 4 per cent. are payable at the Treasury of the United States. The bids must be received in the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department no later than 3 o'clock in the afternoon of February 15.

Wider Market For Cotton.

The Senate Committee on Commerce heard arguments by a number of representatives of the cotton growing and manufacturing industries in support of Senator Lee S. Overman's bill providing for the appointment of a commission for the extension of American markets in the Orient.

Among those who presented their views were Senator Overman, of North Carolina; former Senator A. J. McLaurin, of South Carolina; Editor William Whittam, Jr., of the American Cotton Record, and Dr. J. F. Crowell, statistician, of this city.

Col. Isaac Henry Wing, a wealthy retired lumberman of Wisconsin, has given \$500,000 to endow a college of mathematics at Bowdoin.

The House passed the Urgent Deficiency Bill with a provision that the eight-hour law shall not apply to the Isthmian Canal.

Secretary Taft defended before the Senate committee his fiscal agreement with the Panama government.

The Isthmian Canal Commission submitted its report to Secretary Taft recommending a lock canal.

Imposing ceremonies are to attend the unveiling of the McClellan monument in Washington, October 18.

The members of the Imperial Chinese Commission were entertained at luncheon by Secretary Root.

Democrats in the House filibustered in vain against the adoption of a rule which will have the effect of suspending the Eight-Hour labor law in the Panama Canal Zone.

Members of the House are working for an omnibus public building bill to carry an appropriation of about \$12,000,000.

Chairman Theodore P. Shonts, of the Panama Canal Commission, acknowledged that he draws \$12,000 a year salary from the "Clover Leaf" Railroad.

President Roosevelt makes public the charge of Government Attorney Morrison that a Beef Trust attorney has been offering bribes to influence public opinion in Chicago.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter to Congressman Longworth.

Secretary Taft explained to the House Committee on Insular Affairs a pending bill for the purchase of coal lands to enable the United States to mine fuel for its own use in the Far East.

The Philippine Commission has decided to sell \$1,000,000 of the 4 per cent. bonds. The Commission has accepted the bid of the White syndicate to build railroads in the sugar districts.

The House of Representatives by a vote of 194 to 150, passed the bill providing for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory and Arizona and New Mexico as two states.

GALLANT OLD SOLDIER DEAD

General Joe Wheeler Succumbs to Pneumonia in New York.

WAS A HERO OF TWO WARS.

His Brilliant Career as a Cavalry Commander in the Confederate Army and His Valuable Services as One of the Principal Commanders of the American Army in the Spanish-American Campaign.

New York (Special).—Gen. Joseph Wheeler, the famous Confederate cavalry leader and a brigadier general of the United States Army since the war with Spain, died at 5:35 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn. The veteran of two wars was 69 years old, but in spite of his age, there was hope until Thursday, of his recovery from the attack of pneumonia which caused his death.

General Wheeler was taken ill six days ago at his sister's home, where he has been living recently. He contracted a severe cold, which developed into pneumonia and influenza. From the first he fought against him, but the family did not give up hope until Wednesday night, when the disease was found to have affected both lungs. General Wheeler's immediate relatives were all with him. His daughters, Mrs. W. J. Harris and the Misses Anne, Lucille and Carrie Wheeler, had been summoned from the South and arrived early in the week. His son, Major Joseph Wheeler, Jr., now stationed at West Point, was also present, as well as General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, and her son.

The family was summoned to the bedside of the patient at midnight, when the doctors in consultation concluded that the end was but a matter of hours. The General was then awake and conscious, and his mind was apparently active. He seemed to know that death was approaching, and, though too weak to speak, he succeeded in giving signs of recognition and encouragement to his children.

Later the General sank into a peaceful slumber, and, at the request of the doctors, the family quietly withdrew from the sick man's bedside. General Wheeler was never again more than semiconscious. He lingered until evening, and passed away quietly.

Gen. Joseph Wheeler ranked high among the brilliant cavalry leaders developed by the Civil War. When he surrendered as a lieutenant general in the service of the Confederacy he was only 29 years old, yet he was senior cavalry officer in the Confederate Army.

Thirty-three years later, as a major general of Volunteers, U. S. A., he was leading American cavalry against the Spaniards in Cuba. For accepting a commission from President McKinley he was severely criticised by Southerners of the "unreconstructed" type. In the Alabama Constitutional Convention of 1901 an effort was made to deny him the courtesies of the floor. He was snubbed by the presiding officer of a convention of Confederate veterans at Charleston, S. C., in 1890. The same thing happened at a Confederate reunion at New Orleans in 1903. Southern newspapers commented unfavorably on his accepting comradeship with men who had fought against the South. It is very probable, however, that General Wheeler's reputation was enhanced among Southern people generally, just as his popularity was increased among Northerners, by his patriotic action at the outset of the Spanish-American War. In his last service he showed the same dash, the same capacity for sudden, brilliant movement that worried federal generals in the Civil War.

GIFTS FOR MISS ROOSEVELT.

Magnificent Silver and Jewelry Being Made in New York.

New York (Special).—Rare jewels in unique designs, which friends of Miss Alice Roosevelt have selected for her wedding gifts, are being set by skilled workmen at Tiffany's Forest Hill plant.

The largest presents are a magnificent silver service, one of the most beautiful ever made by Tiffany, which has been ordered by the Rough Riders' Association, and a Krugger-Smith rifle, fashioned of 22-karat gold, an exact full-size working model, to be presented to her by the officers of the United States Army.

Among the other jewels are a pearl collar of 10 strands, the largest ever made by the company, and worth \$31,000. A diamond tiara, containing 500 stones, is said to be another, and there are two diamond collars and two bowknots of diamonds.

Two diamond lockets are believed to have been ordered by Secretary of War William H. Taft. Miss Carow, sister of Mrs. Roosevelt, is having jewelry made, as is also Mrs. Douglas Robinson, sister of the President. Most of the gifts have been ordered by well-known persons living in New York, Washington and Cleveland.

Wid \$200,000 Worth of Gold.

Albuquerque, N. M. (Special).—In dismantling the old Albermarle mill, in the Jemez Mountains, north of this city, Morris Brothers, contractors, discovered hidden under the foundations a big, solid gold brick, supposed to be worth about \$200,000. It is supposed to have been stolen and hidden there by some former employe of the mill, when the latter was in operation to years ago. The contractors have been taking out the machinery to ship to the United Verde Mine, in Arizona.

Pistol Duel Fatal.

Montgomery, Ala. (Special).—A special to the Advertiser from Florida, Ala., says: "Grady Miller, the 16-year-old son of Dr. S. L. Miller, was shot and killed by the negro porter of the Lake View Hotel. There were no eye-witnesses to the shooting, but the pistol shots were heard. A search was made, and near by was found the negro, in a dying condition. He lived long enough to say that he and Miller had engaged in a pistol duel. There is no way to ascertain the cause of the tragedy."

ALIGNMENT OF THE POWERS.

The Morocco Conference Seems Doomed to Fail.

Algieras (By Cable).—The confidential exchanges now going on among the representatives of the powers in the Moroccan conference disclose the extreme difficulty of arranging an agreement that both France and Germany would accept.

The German delegates put forward the attractive principle of disinterestedness and the equal privilege for all countries. The French delegates, on the other hand, maintain that France cannot be disinterested. They affirm that, having followed an active policy in Morocco for eight years and having obtained numerous advantages, France should not now be asked to take the same position as all the rest of the world.

France virtually enunciates in a modified form the principle of the Monroe Doctrine in Northwest Africa. She has acquired and holds a position toward Morocco that, according to her view, makes equal political influence with other powers impossible. On the question of economic equality she says "yes," but on that of political equality she answers "no."

Germany insists on political equality with even more tenacity than she does on the question of economic equality. The real struggle, however, is over the political future of Morocco. France would rather withdraw from the conference than tie up the political destiny of Morocco by international control.

While this is not an authoritative official utterance it unmistakably represents the feeling of the French delegation. France refuses to be excluded from what she holds to be the legitimate expansion of her influence in Northern Africa.

The French delegates appear to realize that the current of the conference is against them because neutral powers, such as the United States, lean toward the idea of disinterested equality rather than toward France's special geographical and historic paramountcy.

France therefore may strive for a negative result, so far as political questions go, accepting fully a commercial equality and joining in the effort to reach just economic conclusions but resisting suggestions for the internationalization of any of the public services of Morocco.

Germany will press for the internationalization of the police. It should be understood that this question of police does not refer to the ordinary force for the maintenance of local order, but, in the larger sense, to the semi-military body which is to exercise a powerful general control.

France still counts upon Great Britain, Russia, Spain and Portugal, but her earliest hopes that the United States would be with her are beginning to diminish.

Germany believes that her view as to international control has been accepted in principle by the United States, Austria and Sweden.

Belgium is noncommittal through fear that either France or Germany will raise the Congo question into an international issue after the conference if either should consider itself offended.

The foregoing tendencies are the outgrowth of constant private meetings of the delegates. The British willa is one of the centers for these meetings and the French and American delegates are frequent visitors there. The American delegates have also conferred with the Germans and the French.

The conference accepted all the articles of the report of the committee on contraband relating to the prevention of the trade in contraband arms and passed to the consideration of economic questions.

TROUBLE IN ISLAND OF PINES.

Americans Back Up J. M. Steere in Resisting the Order of the Court.

Havana (Special).—It is reported from Nueva Gerona, Isle of Pines, that trouble is expected on account of the refusal of James M. Steere, the so-called territorial secretary, to comply with the order of the court. Steere is the custodian of a warehouse in which the court has stored certain chattles involved in pending litigation. Steere refused to deliver these until the storage charges had been paid. He was arrested for defying the order of court, but was allowed his liberty until Monday last, when he was called into court and instructed to appear each Monday, as well as to furnish bail.

Steere refused to comply with the order to furnish bail, and, according to the last advices, was given a day more in which to do so. Letters from Nueva Gerona assert that Americans in the island are backing Steere.

Gen. Freyre Andrade, the secretary of the interior, and General Nunez, governor of Havana province, said that the number of rural guards and police in the vicinity of Nueva Gerona was amply sufficient to put Steere in jail, notwithstanding any assistance he might be able to muster.

Cleveland Won't Resign.

THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN.

Is there, for honest poverty,
That hangs his head, and a' that?
The coward slave, we pass him by,
We dare be poor, for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that!
Our toils obscure, and a' that;
The rank is but the guinea-stamp,
That man is the gowd for a' that!

What though on hamely fare we dine,
Wear hoddin gray and a' that;
Gie fools their silks, and knaves
their wine
A man's a man for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
Their tinsel show, and a' that;
The honest man, though e'er sae poor,
Is king o' men for a' that!

Ye see you birkle ca'd a lord,
What' struts, and stares, and a' that;
Though hundreds worship at his word,
He's but a coof for a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
His riband, star, and a' that;
The man of independent mind,
He looks and laughs at a' that!

A king can make a belted knight,
A marquis, duke, and a' that;
But an honest man's aboon his might,
Guid faith he mauna fa' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
His dignities and a' that,
The pith o' sense, and pride o' worth,
Are bigger ranks than a' that.

Then let us pray that come it may—
As come it will for a' that—
That sense and worth, o'er a' the
earth,
May bear the gree, and a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
It's comin' yet for a' that,
That man to man, the world o'er,
Shall brothers be for a' that!
—Robert Burns.

THE COLOR OF THE ROSE

Agatha rose from her chair with an astonished expression, as the butler announced "Major Melville," and a tall, square-shouldered man, with a deeply bronzed face, entered the drawing room. "When did you arrive from India?" she cried, as their hands met. "The day before yesterday," he answered. "How nice of you to come to see me so soon! Or," she continued, as a faint smile crossed his face, "perhaps you haven't come to see me! Anyhow, Elinor will be here in a few minutes. Do, pray sit down—it must be quite four years—"

"Nearly five," said Hugh, taking a chair. "That last time we met was on Judith's wedding day, you know." "By the bye," returned Agatha, "we all rather expected Judith's marriage might possibly be followed by—by another."

"Yes," murmured Hugh, with his eyes on the carpet; "I was hopeful enough to share your anticipations. Is Elinor all—all right?" He inquired. "Oh, dear, yes." "The—same as ever?" he persisted.

"Of course, like the rest of us, she is so much older," said Agatha with a laugh. "Although you would scarcely think so to look at her. A little more sedate, perhaps, and ever so much sweeter. She has lived with us the last eighteen months, since her mother's death—I suppose you knew. Now, why were our expectations disappointed, Hugh?" she asked.

"He sat gazing down at the carpet as if he were hesitating how to answer, but suddenly raised his eyes to Agatha's face."

"The fact is," he explained a little awkwardly, "I was younger and more ingenious in those days. I—well, I didn't see my way to begin a fresh chapter without saying something about that which had ended."

"Elinor was not interested?" suggested Agatha.

"I fancy it had a kind of interest for her," said Hugh.

"Anyhow, it didn't meet with her approval?"

"That was scarcely possible," he answered. "But I had counted on her magnanimity!"

"Oh, dear!" cried Agatha, "how plainly you bring that day back to me! I can picture you all in this room again—everything is just the same, isn't it? Of course, you were Harold's best man. I can see you in the church at his side. You wore a white rose-leaf in your buttonhole."

"Pink," said Hugh.

"But I am certain it was white," she insisted.

"I assure you," answered Hugh, with much solemnity, "that the rose was pink—"

wake, her tall figure erect, offering Hugh her finger tips.

"Oh, Major Melville," she cried, and during the next few moments conversation seemed to flag. Hugh appeared to be suffering from the most extreme depression. Elinor looked bored to death, and even Agatha was tongue-tied, until she perceived the urgent necessity of venturing a remark of some kind.

"Elinor," she exclaimed, "Hugh and I have been having a small dispute."

"Already?" asked Elinor.

"About the color of a flower!"

Elinor turned her head languidly, fixing her eyes on the large, shallow bowl of chrysanthemums in the middle of the table on her right hand.

"Which one?" she asked. "The one," answered Hugh, "that I wore at Judith's wedding—the last time I was here, you know."

Elinor lifted her dark eyebrows. "Did you wear a flower?" she inquired.

"A pink rosebud," he returned.

"I protest that it was white," said Agatha, congratulating herself on having succeeded in breaking the ice.

"You must both have really the most marvelous memories," answered Elinor, in a tone which suggested contempt.

"Obviously one of them must be defective," said Hugh.

"It isn't mine," cried Agatha.

"Consequently," Elinor insisted, with the shadow of a smile on her lips, "it must be yours, Major Melville."

"Surely you recollect—" said Agatha, when her cousin peremptorily interrupted.

"I really haven't the slightest recollection about it," she exclaimed.

"Well," continued Agatha, "at all events, I remember that just as we were to drink Judith's and Harold's health, I noticed that Hugh's rosebud was missing. It had broken off short at the stalk. He pretended to be in a sad state of mind about it, and several of us tried to find it for him—I recollect as well as if it were yesterday."

"My own mind is a perfect blank," said Elinor, and then the butler again opened the door. "I'm afraid," Elinor explained, "that you will have to excuse me. I have an appointment with my dressmaker. She is going to alter something for tonight, and I dare not keep her waiting. Is that Mme. Pellase, Rogers?" she asked.

"Yes, miss."

"Good-by, Major Melville," she said.

"Oh," he returned, "but—but I shall see you again!"

"Some day, perhaps, but I shall be leaving London for a few months. Good-by," she cried, walking toward the door.

"But, my dear child," said Agatha, "I am going to make Hugh stay and let me give him some tea. Make haste and dispatch Mme. Pellase! You will be back before he goes." On returning after closing the door, Hugh took up his position with his back to the fireplace. Agatha did not speak for a few seconds, and then he breathed a profoundly depressing sigh.

"Of course," said Agatha, "such a lapse of memory is a very bad sign—"

"Well," he answered, "I fancy it is, though for that matter I feel half disposed to envy her."

"Now I wonder," she murmured, "whether you would thank me—"

"What for?" he inquired perfunctorily.

"If I convinced you that you have made a great mistake? Because, truly, the rose was white! You look," she added, with a laugh, "as if you were not inclined to bless the poor flower."

"I—I imagined you were talking about something else," he muttered.

"But still, I am convinced—in fact, I would give any odds—"

"Will you mind excusing me a minute?" she cried, and once more she left Hugh alone. While he stood waiting in front of the fire Agatha re-entered with a small book in one hand, substantially bound in black morocco.

"Are you going to convince me by testifying on oath?" demanded Hugh, with manifest astonishment.

"I am going," said Agatha, "to perform an extremely shabby trick. I can only hope that the end may be thought to justify the means."

Opening the book in the middle, she held it toward Hugh with a rather theatrical gesture, so that he could see a pressed, withered rosebud which had been broken off at the stalk.

"You see," she cried, "that it is white!"

It appeared to be a volume of selections of a devotional character, printed on India paper, and it seemed to Hugh that there was something intimate and secret about it, as if there were a kind of sacrilege in showing it by the light of day. A wave of emotion passed over him as he took the pressed bud between his thumb and forefinger:

"Whose is the book?" he inquired.

"Elinor's."

"What is Elinor's pray?"

Turning guiltily, they beheld her on the threshold, and then they saw all the courage go out of her.

"Oh—Agatha!" she cried reproachfully, darting forward and regaining possession of her book, although Hugh continued to hold the crushed rosebud. But Agatha lost no moment in quitting the room.

"Elinor stood with the book pressed against her bosom, breathing quickly as she tried to look into Hugh's face without waver."

"Is your memory re-awakening?" he asked.

"Very—very faintly," she faltered. "Because you must have helped to look for the flower after all!"

"Perhaps—perhaps, I may have done," she said.

"And you found it," he suggested, holding it between his finger and thumb, as he drew nearer. "You thought it worth keeping."

"It made," she cried, "a convenient bookmark."

"Do you read the book often?" he asked.

"Every night of my life."

"And—every night of your life—during the last five years," he continued, "you looked at the flower and your thoughts have turned to—"

"Oh, please, Hugh!" she pleaded. "Every night your thoughts have turned to the East!"

"Anyhow," she murmured, "surely one's thoughts ought to be held sacred."

"Not," he said, with a smile, "unless they were hallowed by charity. Elinor," he added, taking one of her hands, "what was the cause of your forgetfulness?"

"You see," she returned, "the rose has lost all its fragrance."

"Do you mean," he asked, "that you did not know whether my love had faded too?"

"Agatha was quite right," Elinor exclaimed, with an abrupt change of manner. "The bud was always white."

"Anyhow," he urged, "she was right in returning it to me?"

"Oh, well, of course it—it is yours," said Elinor.

"And so are you," he whispered, with an impulsive action which seemed to signify her complete appropriation.—Black and White.

QUEER HIDING PLACES.

Means People Have Taken to Keep Their Money Safe.

One of the best known members of Parliament built himself a mansion in a remote part of Hampshire, on the confines of the New Forest.

He noticed during the progress of the work that a contractor's clerk came back from the railway station bringing with him a walking stick bearing a label addressed to his employer. This always happened on a Friday afternoon, and he became curious to know the reason.

When he asked for an explanation of the mystery the contractor touched a spring in the handle, screwed off a headpiece and, turning the stick upside down, rolled out on the table a heap of sovereigns.

It appears that the nearest local bank could not be used in time for weekly pay. Accordingly the contractor had the stick made, the interior of which was hollowed out in order to take the sovereigns. The precious freight amounted to £100, and was despatched every week as an ordinary parcel. During the whole time it never miscarried.

Possibly a more remarkable savings bank was found during an inquest held in London recently. It was discovered that the deceased had a wooden leg, within which were a number of sovereigns wrapped in a kid glove. Surely a wooden leg is one of the most peculiar banks imaginable.

A short time ago an old miser died at Brescia. She lately revealed a singular hoarding place for treasure. She had always lived as one in deep poverty, and had carefully excluded all neighbors from her apartment.

When she was taken ill and felt the approach of death she sent for a notary, to whom she confided the hiding place of her money.

She had lived in constant dread of robbery or loss, and so for years had preserved the whole of her money in a hollowed out leg of a certain table in the room. When search was being made before properly accredited witnesses a sum of £5,000 was brought to light in money securities.

A sum of over a quarter of a million pounds has been thrown into the ash pit by the Government. This extraordinary exhibition of waste of public money was found out some little time ago. It was discovered that scrap brass had been used for road making.

Originally the ashes from the brass foundry and rolling mills of the Royal Laboratory and other factories were regarded as so much waste material. As a matter of fact, they were given to the superintendent for the purpose of making roads and pathways.

This went on for a number of years, when a wideawake contractor got to know of it. He generously offered to remove the ashes from the fire holes and to give the government the sum of 3s. 4d. a ton for them into the bargain.

After this arrangement had been going on for some time it was discovered that the contractor was selling the refuse at £6 a ton. Then the ordinance officials took the matter into their own hands and issued proper tender forms for them.

Taken the firm which had been used to paying 3s. 4d. a ton offered £5 to £6 a ton, while eventually as much as £7 7s. 6d. per ton was offered for the waste ashes. This means a revenue of £10,000 a year, which hitherto had been thrown into the ash pit. Actually, it is estimated that a quarter of a million pounds has been wasted by the military officials who thoughtlessly threw the refuse away.

A sum of £8,000 was found in the mud at Liverpool a short time ago. This was in the mud behind the landing stage water, where a cash box was found containing a number of bank notes and about £8,000 in securities.—Pearson's Weekly.

During 1904 Ecuador produced nearly 50,000,000 pounds of cacao beans, or nearly a third of the total world output.



A MYSTERY.
I can't conceive how it was done;
Yet sweet Mae told me just this minute
That she had hung her stocking up,
And found an automobile in it!
—San Francisco Call.

IN THE DIME MUSEUM.
"Why has the contortionist tied himself up in a knot?"
"So as not to forget that his wife wants him to go shopping with her this afternoon."

A GOB OF THOUGHT.
"A lot of men attended the Boston tea party," observed the sage of Punkville, "who couldn't get an invite today to a third-class Beacon street affair."

THE NEW DISEASE.
"And you can't recollect happenings?"
"Not the simplest things, doctor."
"Hum. You seem to have a pronounced case of what we call life insurance memory."

PRECEPT EASIER THAN PRACTICE.
Bibbs—Who was the man you gave half a crown to at the hotel this morning?
Gibbs—An old literary friend of mine; author of "How to Get Rich."
—Royal Magazine.

IN 1950.
First Business Woman—Whew! Where did you get that skunk-cabbage cigar?
Second Business Woman—My husband gave me a box for a Christmas present. I have to smoke a few of them to keep from paining the poor dear.

NOT AN ARREST, BUT A RESCUE.
"You were arrested for striking your wife."
"No, Judge," answered the unworthy specimen of manhood who was on trial. "I had made a pass at her and she was just reachin' for the stove lid when the officers came and took me in charge. That wasn't an arrest. That was a rescue."—Washington Star.

WHAT HE WANTED.
"How shall I word this ad?" asked Mrs. Housekeeper. "Wanted: a cook who will stay nights?"
"Wanted: a cook who will stay nights," suggested Mr. Housekeeper, "and get up mornings."

AN EXPLANATION.
"I beg your pardon, waiter," said the tourist in the railway restaurant. "Did you say that I had twenty minutes to wait or that it was twenty minutes to eight?" "I said neither," answered the Hibernian attendant. "I said yez had twenty minutes to ate, an' that's all ye had. Yer thrain's gone now."—Cleveland Leader.

TURNED ABOUT.
Reid—How your friend Shipton has changed! He used to be so communicative, you know.
Greene—Isn't he yet?
"No, why he draws himself right into his shell now when you're trying to question him."
"He's turned turtle, has he?"—Yonkers Statesman.

AT THE CAPITOL.
First Doorkeeper—Senator Doopoo tells me to instruct the boys not to send in any visitors' cards.
Second Doorkeeper—Wonder why?
First Doorkeeper—Maybe he's expecting a call from his rantankerous friend.

THEY SUTTENLY AIR.
"Women are certainly changeable creatures," said the weary-looking man.
"What's the explanation?" asked the friend of the family.
"During our honeymoon," answered the weary party, "my wife declared she could not live a day without me."

"Well?" queried the family friend.
"Only last week," continued the other, "she tried to get me to insure my life for \$25,000 in her favor."—Kansas City Independent.

BUYING UP THE ENEMY.
Uncle (to nephew playing the game of war with a companion of his own age)—If you take the fortress within a quarter of an hour I'll give you sixpence.
Youngster (a minute later)—Uncle, the fortress is taken; now let me have the sixpence.
Uncle—How did you manage it so quickly?
Nephew—I offered the besieged threepence, and they capitulated—Judy.

Lyons, in the Valley of the Rhone in France, is the largest silk manufacturing centre in the world.

No. 2 Folding Brownie

Price, **\$5.00**

A wonderfully capable and accurate camera built on the Kodak plan. Good enough to satisfy experienced photographers, yet so simple that children can use it.

PICTURES 2 1/4 x 3 1/4 inches.

Loads in daylight with film Cartridges.

Fitted with meniscus lens, and shutter with iris diaphragm stops.

Full description in Kodak Catalog FREE at any photographic dealers or by mail.

EASTMAN KODAK CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms: \$3 a year in advance. Single copies 10 cents. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office: 55 F St., Wash., D. C.

SHOES

For Everybody

The old and the young. For Ladies and Gentlemen and the Babies.

The Radcliffe
The Douglas
The Touring

Are on our shelves for your inspection.

Also fleece lined for Ladies from \$1.00 to \$2.00

The best makes of Rubber Boots and Shoes.

Come to see us. We are always glad to meet our old as well as new customers.

C. A. KRAPE
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)

Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . .

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

No Mutuals
No Assessments

Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.

Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

LARGEST INSURANCE Agency

IN CENTRE COUNTY

H. E. FENLON
Agent
Bellefonte, Penn'a.

The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description.
Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass.; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.

. . . THE LAWRENCE . . .

7-OCTAVE ORGAN
is the only organ with the Saxophone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

C. E. ZEIGLER
SPRING MILLS.

ADVERTISING - PAYS. -

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1906.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

Aaronsburg.

Miss Kathryn Bower has returned home after an absence of nearly a year with friends in Williamsport.

Miss Lizzie Condo has gone to visit her brother Harry at York.

Messrs. Wm. B. Mingle, of Centre Hall, and Albert Mingle, of Bellefonte, made a business trip to this town one day last week.

E. R. Wolf and Tom Stover were guests of Oliver Wolf, at Wolf's Store, Saturday.

Miss Blanche Weaver returned from a few month's stay with friends at State College.

Mrs. Caroline Mayes has gone to visit her daughter, in New York city.

Harry Bauers, of State College, was the guest of Miss Hettie Smull, over Sunday.

Misses Carrie Weaver, Lila Acker and Miriam Keister spent part of the Sabbath at the Keister home, at Woodward.

Tom Meyer and family, of Coburn, were the guests of Clymer Stover, on Sunday.

Charles Smull and family, of Smull-ton; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bare and Mrs. Fullmer, of Rebersburg, were guests at the home of Jesse Wert, on Monday.

Linden Hall.

James M. Ross is in Altoona this week, visiting Dr. and Mrs. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Mays visited their sister, Mrs. J. L. Tressler, the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Henry Homan and Mrs. Frank Homan spent Saturday with their aunt, Mrs. Mollie Miller.

The meetings which have been held in the U. E. church the past three weeks have been well attended, and much interest is shown. Services will continue this week.

There have also been services in the Reformed church since Wednesday evening.

Irvin Barris Monday returned from a trip to Pittsburgh, where he visited his brother.

The Best Physic.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and certain to act, always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Harris Township.

Daniel Keller and sisters, Mary and Roxie, were visitors from Houserville. Miss Dora Meyer, of Bellefonte, spent a few days in Boalsburg.

The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the family of W. A. Murray in their bereavement. A large number of persons were in attendance at the funeral. All the public schools in the township were closed, both teachers and scholars being in attendance, thereby showing their respect for one who had during the past years been one of their number. Rev. W. K. Harnish, the young lady's pastor, chose for his text words spoken by the prophet Isaiah, "The flower fadeth, because the spirit of the Lord bloweth over it." Rev. D. P. Hepler, of Ansonville, a former pastor, also spoke some comforting words to the family. Mrs. Charles Hower, of Mahanoy City, an intimate friend of the Murray family, with her two little girls, Marion Murray and Helen, were also present.

C. D. Moore, L. Mothersbaugh, John Fortney and son George, J. H. Meyer, S. E. Weber, Edward Williams, J. N. Dinges and Jacob Meyer transacted business at the county seat last week.

N. W. Meyer and W. G. Mothersbaugh are attending court this week as jurors.

Ira Hess and son were visitors from the Mountain City.

Mrs. Joseph Hettinger, who has been critically ill, is now recovering.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Snyder was interred in the Boalsburg cemetery, Tuesday of last week. Also a child of Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Hess, on Monday afternoon.

Charles Mothersbaugh departed last Thursday for an indefinite stay at Williamsport.

Mrs. E. E. Brown spent a few weeks at Tusseyville.

Miss Effie Long visited at Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McFarlane attended the funeral of the latter's mother, Mrs. Barbara Rankin, at Bellefonte, last Thursday. Only a few days previous they had participated in the merriest of the mother's eighty-second anniversary. Alas! how soon joy was changed into sadness.

C. M. Wieland, who recently attended an anniversary at the Odd Fellows' orphanage, at Sunbury, read a favorable report of the same at the meeting of the local lodge, Saturday evening. Mrs. Wieland and sons Robert and Daniel also visited friends in Sunbury.

Dr. J. F. Robinson, wife and son Mr. and Mrs. John Stuart, of State College, were in Boalsburg Sunday afternoon.

Services are being held in the Reformed church during the week, closing with the Holy Supper on Sunday.

Miss Janet McFarlane returned last week from a visit to friends in Mifflin county.

Paid Subscription.

The Reporter is indebted to many of its patrons for subscription paid recently. It is dollars that make the mare go, but the kindly expression of many of the Reporter readers, makes the editor feel that his efforts to furnish the local news of the county are appreciated. Those who responded recently are: M. L. Smith, E. H. Meyer, Hiram Lee, Wm. S. Martz, J. L. Tressler, James H. McCool, J. C. Brown, Newton C. Yarnell, J. A. Grove, Rev. S. G. Shannon, A. J. Musser, W. F. Zeigler, Jasper R. Brungart, Joseph Emmett, Ira Grossman, Mrs. Sarah Foreman, George Felding, R. D. Foreman, L. L. Smith, Mrs. G. W. Dunkle, J. C. Vonada, Mrs. Anna Bartges, C. H. Meyer, Hon. Henry Meyer, S. Paul Dinges, James P. Frank, W. E. Detwiler, Isaac Spicher, Henry Rossman, G. M. Harter, Joel Dubbs, Isaac Smith, Mrs. Hoover Dalby, W. S. Musser, Fred Stiffler, John Lucas, H. C. Roberts, John N. Boal, G. R. Meiss, Richard Brooks, Perry Breen, Wilbur Bland, Benjamin Stover, Dr. William Keller, Elmer Miller, F. P. Auman, George B. Lee, B. E. Spangler, O. M. Lonberger, J. L. Runkle, George Tate, Levi Stump, Mrs. Anna Bell Hettinger, Mrs. Dan'l Keller, Mrs. John Orbison, A. W. Dale, Luther K. Dale, A. J. Shook.

LOCALS.

Rev. G. W. McIlhenny, of the Methodist church, is conducting a revival at Millheim.

Hon. S. R. Peale, former State Senator of Lock Haven, will sail in a few days, with his wife, for a few months' sojourn in Cuba.

Rev. J. M. Reaick has been holding services in Centre Hall since the close of the union services. There will be preaching to-night (Thursday.)

Rev. Jesse R. Zeigler, pastor of the Great Island Presbyterian church, Lock Haven, has resigned. He will devote his time to study and travel in Scotland and Germany.

Harry A. Thompson, editor of The Tyrone Times, has placed himself in the field for legislative honors, and he will present himself to the Republicans of his county at the coming primaries.

Owing to an affection of the nerves it was necessary Monday for Rev. J. M. Reaick to take his eldest daughter, Miss Jodie, to a specialist in Williamsport. She is afflicted with a peculiar twitching of the nerves controlling the eyes.

Dr. J. W. Boal filled the appointments in the Presbyterian church Sunday. The pastor, Dr. W. H. Schuyler, and Mrs. Schuyler were in Milesburg that day, the guests of the latter's brother, Rev. Andrew Carver.

LOCALS.

Frank Goodhart is in Altoona, on a visit to his brother, R. H. Goodhart.

Clearfield business men are working to secure a silk mill for that town, to employ 300 girls.

Asher Stahl, who is employed by the Pennsylvania railroad company at Conemaugh, is home for a short stay.

Miss Margaret Bolender and Jonathan Gelnett, of Middleburg, were married on the 13th ult. The bride frequently visits Miss Laura Runkle, in this place.

D. A. Booser, the liveryman and saddler, has been ill for the past two weeks, and for the greater part of the time was confined to bed. His condition is not regarded as serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis G. Davidson, arrived in Centre Hall Saturday, and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swabb. Mr. Davidson is employed by the Pennsylvania railroad company.

George Tate, of Yeagertown, and Frank Hackenberg, of Reedsville, made a trip overland to Bellefonte, and stopped at Centre Hall long enough to call on the Reporter. The latter is a liveryman, and the former a contractor and builder. Mr. Tate says building operations cannot keep pace with the demand for houses. He has several houses under way now, and regrets that he parted with several homes last fall, for the advance that could be had at present would be no small item.

A rabbit's foot is lucky only when it is fleet enough to carry its owner out of danger.

For Lung Troubles

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. And it certainly strengthens weak throats and weak lungs. There can be no mistake about this. You know it is true. And your own doctor will say so.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
SARSAPILLA,
PILLS,
HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secret. We publish the formulas of all our medicines.
Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills and thus hasten recovery.

The D. L. Kerr Farm Sold.

The well known Kerr farm, south of Centre Hill, owned by David L. Kerr, was sold to James H. McCool, of Rebersburg. The purchase includes the home of Mr. Kerr, as well as the farm, which contains about one hundred and thirty acres. Common rumor says the price paid was \$8000. Mr. McCool will not take possession until the spring of 1907. He has rented the Mitterling home, near by the Kerr place, which he will occupy by the first of April.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, February 2, from 8 to 2:30 o'clock.

Visiting cards printed at this office.

Marriage Licenses.

Edward C. Ishler, State College. Catharine Fisher, Pleasant Gap. John F. Krape, Aaronsburg. Mamie Esther Crouse, Aaronsburg. Wm. P. Grase, Johnstown. Nellie Eva Gruver, Howard.

Pomona Grange.

The Centre County Pomona Grange held its regular quarterly meeting Tuesday. At the noon hour, about sixty members were served with refreshments in the dining hall. The spread was elaborate. A full account of the business transacted will appear in the next issue of the Reporter.

Ex Sheriff Spangler has been confined to the house on account of illness.

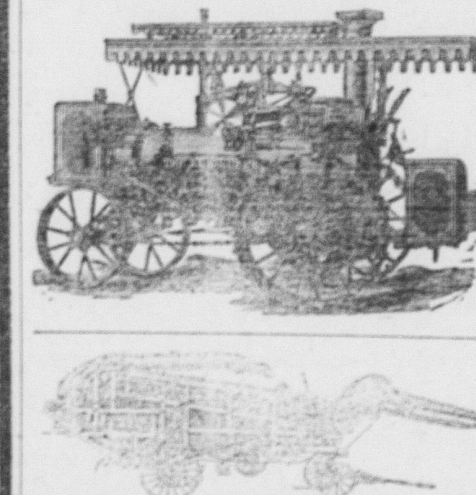
TO THE NEW BEGINNERS . . .

We will save you money if you buy anything of us from A COOK STOVE to A PIANO, or that in the Furniture Line. Give us a trial.

Smith Bros., Spring Mills, Pa.

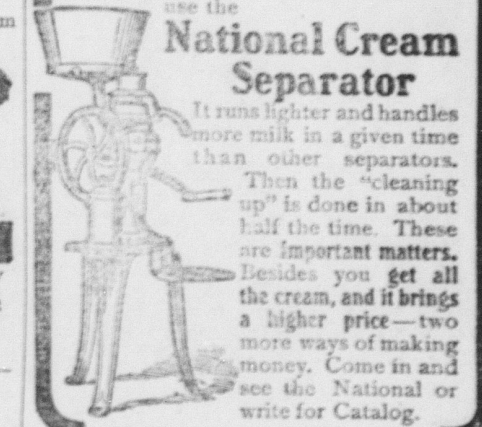
W. D. Strunk & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.
AGENTS FOR
Huber Manufacturing Co.
HARRISBURG, PA.

If in need of Machinery call or write them



GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat	80
Oats	30
Corn	40
PRODUCE AT STORES.	
Lard	22
Potatoes	16
Butter	22
Eggs	16

Save Labor
You can handle your milk and cream with much less labor if you own and use the



National Cream Separator
It runs lighter and handles more milk in a given time than other separators. Then the "cleaning up" is done in about half the time. These are important matters. Besides you get all the cream, and it brings a higher price—two more ways of making money. Come in and see the National or write for Catalog.

B. F. HOMAN, Agent
Oak Hall Station, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chills, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc.
By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall

Shoes !! - - - Shoes !!

One big lot of Children's Shoes will go at Doomed Price	9c
Big lot of Children's Shoes will go at Doomed Price	29c
Big lot of Children's Shoes will go at Doomed Price	48c
One lot of Children's fine Shoes will go at Doomed Price	69c
Big lot of Misses fine spring heel Dongola Kid lace or button, goes at Doomed Price	98c
Big lot of Ladies' warm lined Slippers, Doomed at	79c
Big lot Men's Shoes, latest styles, worth \$2.75 will go at Doomed Price	\$1.48
Lot of Men's fine Shoes in the latest styles, Vici Kid, Patent Leather and Calf, \$3.00 to \$3.25, will go at Doomed Price	\$1.98
Big lot Men's very fine Shoes in latest styles Celebrated \$3.50 Walk-Over make, Doomed	\$2.39

N. B. Merchants from the city or country wishing to purchase portions of this stock must call between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., as all other hours will be reserved for our retail trade.

DOOMED !

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers

OF
YEAGER AND DAVIS
HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA., is now in the hands of the World's Greatest Bargain Givers
G. W. GROVES and CO.

They are forced to close their doors. Stock is doomed and must go. The backward season and being overstocked have placed Yeager & Davis in this condition with \$25,000.00 worth of up-to-date Shoes, Etc., on hand. The stock is doomed and must go. The most tremendous sale of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Slippers, Etc., will start at NINE O'CLOCK A. M.

Shoes !! - - - Shoes !!

Lot of Men's very fine Shoes, the celebrated \$3.50 Walk-Over make, Doomed Price	\$2.79
Big lot of Ladies' Dongola Kid, lace Shoes that were \$1.50, go at Doomed Price	89c
Big lot of Ladies' Dongola Kid lace Shoes, latest styles, worth \$2.00, Doomed Price	98c
Big lot of Women's warm lined Shoes, go at Doomed Price	89c
One lot of Ladies' fine Vici Kid and Velour finished Kid latest styles worth \$2.75 to \$3.00 will go at Doomed Price	\$1.89
Big lot of Ladies' fine Vici Kid lace Shoes, latest styles, worth \$2.50, Doomed Price	\$1.48
One big lot of Ladies' extra fine Patent Leather and Vici Kid lace Shoes, very nobby styles, worth \$4 will go at Doomed Price	\$2.48
One big lot of Boys' extra strong shoes, will go at Doomed Price	98c

WANTED—25 Salespeople, Women and Men. Sale Positively Closes in Ten Days.

Thursday, February 1st, 1906

Rubber Boots and Felt Boots with Heavy Overs

Big lot Men's heavy Felt Boots with Gum Overs, will go at Doomed Price	\$1.98
Big lot of Ladies' and Men's Articles Doomed at	98c
Big lot Men's hand made Chicago Kip tap sole Boots worth \$3.50, Doomed Price	\$1.98
Big lot Men's extra heavy high cut Box Calf double sole lace Shoes worth \$3.00	\$1.48

Remember we have thousands of different lots of fine Shoes and Slippers that we have not got space to mention Have nothing keep you away, we have what you want.

Goods will go for far less than raw cost of production. Nothing reserved. The stock must be turned into money. Their loss is your gain. \$1.00 will go as far as \$3.00. This will be the greatest Shoe Sale that ever occurred in this city or country. Yeager & Davis, after years Bellefonte's most reliable Shoe Merchants, bid good-bye to all of their doomed stock forever.

A mighty movement of all goods. Winter and Summer weights all must go. On account of being overstocked and the backward season, Yeager & Davis, Bellefonte's most reliable Shoe House, find themselves right now at the end of the season with \$25,000 worth of Fine Boots, Shoes and Rubbers for Men, Women, Boys and Children. All have been combined by the great conductors and will be sold for less than the cost of production. G. W. GROVES & CO., Conductors. It will pay you to come 100 miles to visit this great sale of enormous stock under one roof. This gigantic sale begins Thursday, February 1st, at 9 a. m. and closes in 10 days. Opening days Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Monday, February 1, 2, 3 and 5. Watch for the large sign and Yeager & Davis name over the door if you value money. Positively no goods sold and no one allowed into the building until Thursday at 9 o'clock.

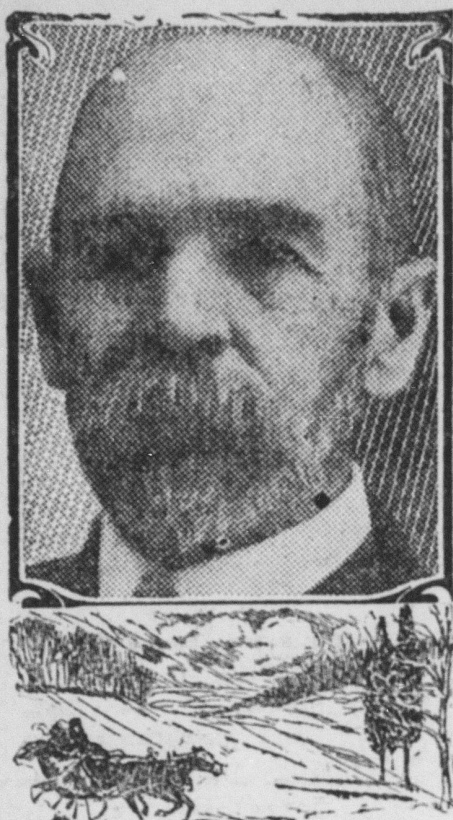
G. W. GROVES & COMPANY

Ladies' and Men's Oxfords and Slippers

Big lot Men's nobby styles Vici Kid and Calf Oxfords, worth \$3.00 Doomed Price	\$1.48
Big lot Men's extra fine Calf, Patent Leather, Vici and Velour, worth \$4, at	\$2.48
One big lot of Men's Slippers will go at Doomed Price	19c
One big lot of Ladies' fine Oxfords, Gondola and Vici Patent Leather, trimmed very stylish, worth \$2.00, will go at Doomed Price	98c
One big lot of Ladies' fine Vici Kid Opera Slippers, go at Doomed Price	89c

Nothing Reserved

LIEUTENANT BOWMAN.



IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PE-RU-NA CURED HIM.

Cold Affected Head and Throat—
Attack Was Severe.

Chas. W. Bowman, 1st Lieut. and Adj. 4th M. S. M. Cav. Vols., writes from Lanham, Md., as follows:

"Though somewhat averse to patent medicines, and still more averse to becoming a professional affidavit man, it seems only a plain duty in the present instance to add my experience to the columns already written concerning the curative powers of Peru-na.

"I have been particularly benefited by its use for colds in the head and throat. I have been able to fully cure myself of a most severe attack in forty-eight hours by its use according to directions. I use it as a preventive whenever threatened with an attack.

"Members of my family also use it for like ailments. We are recommending it to our friends."

—Chas. W. Bowman.

Anecdotes of Sir Henry Keppel.

Many stories are told of Sir Henry Keppel, the late British Admiral. Not long after the present style of uniform had been introduced into the navy he met Queen Victoria and the prince consort of the Isle of Wight. The queen asked him how he liked the change of uniform. He replied: "I like it very much, your majesty, but this morning I was taken for a railway official." When he accidentally fell from a ship's side on to the quay below and was badly stunned somebody cried for water. He thought it time to pull himself together and muttered: "Put some whisky in it."

Lots of fun we have wouldn't be if it was cheaper.

A woman can guess right on instinct often than a man can on judgment.

CLAIMS NEVER TO HAVE WEPT.

Man Seeks Information as to the Effect of Tears.

"I am 40 years of age," said a lively talking man, "and never to my recollection have I shed a tear. Of course, as a child I must have done my share of crying, but the impressions or effects of that I do not now recall. I have seen many people, men and women, cry, and I would like to know what is the effect of weeping upon the weeper. I might have asked some of those I have seen weep, I suppose, but delicacy has always forbidden it.

"I know that it is said if those in deep grief can weep they will not suffer so much, and it is this physical result I want defined. I remember in my dreams to have wept over sorrows, and the feeling was that of forgetfulness of my trouble. I mean by that, that while the tears came and the frame was shaken by sobs, there seemed to be a temporary absence in the mind of the cause of the weeping. Is that the explanation? Some have told me rather vaguely that possibly that was the explanation, but they would not say so definitely.

"Some have said they didn't know why they wept; they simply wept and felt better for it. As a rule I believe the effect is said to be rather mental or spiritual than physical or material, and I am inclined to dispute this explanation. If anybody here can tell me what I want to know I'll be obliged."

This started a discussion, but at the end of it the man didn't seem to know any more than when he asked his first question.

One Told by Fitzgerald.

Ex-Congressman Fitzgerald of Boston, who passed the summer at Old Orchard, told this story of the clam-bake of the Redberry club, held at Pine Point late in August:

A chaplain had been called upon to officiate for the regular clergyman in congress early in the term. The minister was about to conclude his prayer, and reverent silence pervaded the big chamber, when the members were startled to hear the following sentence drop from the lips of the chaplain: "May corruption and sin in every form be as far from every member of this body as Thou art, O Lord!"

It was several seconds before the members fully grasped the meaning of the clergyman's prayer, and when it did it was unanimously in favor of having another substitute when the regular chaplain was unable to attend.

Danger in Pure Water.

It is not often that complaint is made of water being too pure. But the Birmingham correspondent of the Medical Record says:

"I hear that the water brought at vast expense from the Welsh hills is so soft that it has a serious effect on galvanized cooking vessels, in consequence of which the Health Committee has decided to ask manufacturers to recall any such utensils which they have sent out for sale in that city."

INTERESTING TO



CORRESPONDING A PLEASURE.

No breakfast room is so cozy as the one which contains a well-appointed and well-stocked desk in the sunniest window ready to turn to for the immediate answering of the mail which has been perused at breakfast. Englishwomen, who understand the art of letter and note writing better than any women in the world, follow this plan, and have certain other customs which come under the class of letter writing made easy.

Letter paper is bought by the quantity, stamps are bought by the hundreds and pens by the gross, any of which outlay would be considered an unheard-of extravagance by the ordinary American woman, who buys her writing materials in dribbles that are small and stingy as compared with her lavish expenditures in other directions.

It is the wall of the drug clerk and the postoffice clerk that women buy their stamps one at a time and a letter with two cents lying on it, is the commonest sight possible on Black velvet ribbon is used effect the same little desk, if it happens to be in the American breakfast room.

So deep-fixed is the notion that stamps are a thing to be invested in economically as needed that ten cents' worth is said to be above the average outlay. The rare woman lays down a dollar or even a half dollar, and who would not command a glance from the crowd for any other reason is certain of at least one full square look from each of the feminine people near her.

It is not so with the Englishwoman who has facilities in the little breakfast room for posting her letter as soon as written. Another quality of this little desk which makes one look at it with a sense of an already lightened weight of correspondence, is its order. The maid replenishes it with paper, removes its ink spots, refills its ink well from a bottle which to the American would look big enough for a house, furnishes it with new blotters, and lays out fresh pens. Sane and beautiful is the life of the woman who has such perspective in buying and who can command such service. No wonder that notes from her are an every day courtesy sent with slight pretext to friends pleasantly thought of, and no wonder that the letters are prompt and beautifully written.

Apologies of this, or, perhaps, because of it, the strange fact exists that the woman who looks to furnish her desk from the standpoint of utility and convenience rather than of elegance and ornamentation, can not do so in her own shopping districts. Plain ebony, oak, or metal ink stands with tightly arranged tops, and thick, easy handling penholders to correspond, are simple little conveniences which women who have acquired or inherited the man's idea of what would be called "working" writing materials, must go elsewhere to procure them.—Indianapolis News.

SELF-GOVERNMENT AT VASSAR.

So far weakness in the student government has resulted in reform, not so much in this or that particular, but in general. The most notable case of this kind occurred now some years ago, when a kind of slackness crept into the association and the elders began to wonder if student government was losing its grip. The answer to that question was the advent of a senior class persuaded in its own mind as to its destiny, and determined to impress its conviction upon the association. That year its house was swept and put into an order which has never since been seriously disturbed. The event not only inspired the association with fresh confidence in itself, and with higher ideals, but inspired the college with a confidence well deserved and of which the students are fully aware.

Of course one of the most obvious menaces to a good government by students is the fact that every year it loses a body of its best informed and best trained citizens, and has to accept in their place a still larger body of the unformed and uninformed coming from the comparative dependence of schools and families, and likely, like any other immigrants, to be either indifferent or overexecutive. It is hard to see how any executive body so constituted can keep to a steady policy. Yet the association does.—Harper's Bazar.

PHILADELPHIA CLUB POPULATION.

From the city of London within the past few days there came a proud boast that it has the largest club women population in the world—over 20,000. The information has set Philadelphia club women to thinking. The question is: Does this figure include religious, charitable and educational associations? If it does, Philadelphia can claim twenty thousand and over. Some of the figures of societies in Philadelphia that have been gathered off-hand are as follows: Girls' High and Normal School Alumnae, 1,500; Jewish Council of Women, from 800 to 1,000; Civic

Batiment Association, 1,500; New Century Club, 600; W. T. C. U., 1,132; Teachers' Association, 2,500; New Century Guild, 200; Plastic Club, 200; Travelers' Aid Society, 200; Legislative League, 80; Suffrage Society, 300; Woman's Club, 80; Women's Press Association, 150. This brings the Philadelphia club members almost up to the ten thousand mark, and does not include any number of nurses' societies, the Young Women's Christian Association, with twelve hundred members; numerous college settlement associations, college clubs, hospital associations, the big kindergarten union and numberless other clubs, very large in numbers. Probably we can beat London in the matter of Women's clubs.—Philadelphia Record.

AN AMERICAN GIRL AT COURT.

The necessary wardrobe is no small matter. A simple court dress by Paquin will cost anything from \$500 to \$750—not including lace, which may be a family heirloom above price. The debutante's bouquet may include \$100 worth of costly orchids and hot-house blooms. As to gloves the regulation 24 button court gloves will cost \$5 or \$10 a pair at least, in a Bond street store; and for shoes, the correct ones are to be bought at a little store high up on Bond street near the Oxford street end. These people make shoes for the queen and princesses, and the price is \$25 a pair. It is embarrassing to find that almost every detail of one's attire is laid down by law and has endured for centuries.

Some points about the presentation at court are much changed since Queen Victoria's day. The "courts," as they are now called are held at 10 o'clock at night—an hour much more becoming than the erstwhile afternoon session. Also there are beautiful bands in attendance; a most excellent buffet supper, and last, but by no means least, the king and queen sit on gorgeous thrones at the end of a huge and sumptuous saloon, in all the glory of ermine and purple and jewels beyond price.—Harper's Bazar.

TAKES PLACE OF THEATRE HAT.

In regard to the removal of hats at the theatre, and everywhere of an evening where audiences gather, as well as at matinees, the custom now is so well accepted, all women are extremely amiable in the matter. Elderly ladies are equally so, and deserve all the more credit, for the reason that their hair is far more apt to be disarranged and embarrassing to them, than when in youth hair is abundant and strong. The coiffure for women of that age which would appeal to the majority, has been launched abroad. It consists of a low, cap-like crown of lace, often of gold and silver laces, as well as steel and jet. It suggests a ball coiffure with its small feather tips and its velvet bows at the side. The hair is dressed so as to show off to advantage, and with jeweled pins the coiffure is made permanently safe for the evening. No one can deny that this pretty head dress would beautify the effect of any assemblage, and in no way interfere with the comfort of others.—Indianapolis News.

REBELS TO THE GREAT COMMAND.

I hesitate to speak of one aspect of the life of old maid, and yet it is the aspect which is the ground of all our woes, all our disabilities. Here we are in the world, we women, designed by Nature for one great use, the peopling of the world. But something makes us—us unmarried women—rebels to the great command—unwilling rebels, perhaps, but none the less doomed to the punishment of rebellion. Because we were proud and silly; because we were vain and weak; because we were cold and shallow; because we were seers of visions and climbers after the impossible; because we wanted riches; because we dreamed of a black-haired suitor to the utter undoing of a red-haired one; because our parents dismissed our early wooers, and no others appeared; because sometimes, men were fickle—whatever the reason, we stand rebels to the great command. And we pay the price of that rebellion to Nature which civilization has imposed upon us. We miss the joy of love, and the nobility of a worthy motherhood. I have sometimes thought that there can be no bliss on earth greater than that of a loved and loving wife who folds her child in her arms, and feels her husband's arms fold them both. Here the human being touches divine heights, is creator and provider, allied to that which doth provide and not partake." No unmarried woman ever walks quite so close with God as this, or has such rapture of harmony with the universal law of life, —Autobiography of an Old Maid, in Everybody's Magazine.

FASHION NOTES.

On the subject of feathers nothing could be more pleasing than the new feather stoles and boas.

The lace waist fills many needs, and is an altogether desirable addition to every wardrobe.

The most elaborate substitutes for hats are seen on many women. Little caps or coils of lace, gold and silver tinsel, and flowers are worn, especially by elderly women. They are really very pretty, and, since many theatres are draughty, very sensible.

A very luxurious blue ostrich feather stole had the flat ends inset with large lozenges of heavy lace.



CLOSING A LEAK.

A leak in a water or gas pipe may be temporarily stopped with a paste made of soap and whiting. This, of course, should not prevent one's sending immediately for the plumber, but it will make the waiting for him much less trying than it usually is.

UNPLEASANT ODORS.

Unpleasant odors in sick rooms can be entirely removed by burning a newspaper in the room. Twist the newspaper so that it can be carried around the room. Light and allow to burn moving it about the room. It does away with all odors.

SWEETENING THE FRUIT.

Some fruit never seems to get sweet when cooked with sugar. The trouble is that ordinary cane sugar, when heated with certain fruit acids, is converted into grape sugar. This sugar has only one-third the sweetening power of cane sugar, and so a good deal is required. This can be overcome by putting in a little baking powder with the sugar, and this will so neutralize the acids of the fruit as to prevent the conversion of cane sugar into grape sugar.

SLEEP OF THE INFANT.

A young infant ought to spend the greater part of its time asleep. In fact, the two great duties of its life are feeding and sleeping, and the second ought to occupy much more time than the first. Never allow a baby to be aroused from its sleep, even to see the most important of visitors. Remember that it is often politeness and not affection which makes people ask to see the baby, and do not let the little one be roused from its slumber. When it has rested long enough it will wake naturally, but to be suddenly roused often causes a considerable shock to its nerves and injury to its health.

MAKING A COZY CORNER.

A cozy corner is easily built. Make a seat of plain wood about twenty-two inches wide and not more than twelve inches from the ground. It can stand on fairly substantial legs, which need not be turned or beautiful. Fit the seat into its corner, make a cushion for the top, filling in with hay, excelsior or feathers, and cover with some pretty cretonne, or art fabric. Next make a valance which will extend from the seat and just clear the ground. Sew this around the cushion with a gimp heading. Next make a drape about four feet long; place a heading at the top with a double row of stitching, and between the stitching slip a bamboo pole which can be fixed into two cup hooks on the wall about three and a half feet above the seat. Thus an exceedingly pretty corner seat is created at a very small cost.

RECIPES.

Chicken Terrapin—Cut into dice sufficient cold cooked chicken to measure one and one-half cups. In a saucepan brown one heaping tablespoonful of butter; add one heaping tablespoonful of flour and brown again. Add one cupful of thin cream and stir until smooth and thick; add one-quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of cayenne, the prepared chicken and two hard boiled eggs, coarsely chopped. Simmer for 10 minutes.

Scalloped Onions—Peel one dozen white onions of moderate size and boil in water until tender, changing the water two or three times, according to the delicacy of flavor desired. Prepare one cupful of white sauce, using one tablespoonful of butter, one heaping tablespoonful of flour, one half of a teaspoonful of salt, one quarter of a teaspoonful of white pepper and one cupful of milk. Drain the onions, turn them into a buttered baking-dish, pour over them the white sauce and cover them with one-third of a cupful of fine dried bread crumbs mixed with one tea spoonful of melted butter and a dash of salt. Bake in a hot oven until the crumbs are browned.

Osborne Pudding—Four ounces of freshly-grated bread-crumbs and very finely chopped suet, a full ounce of flour, two ounces of halved sultana or dried cherries, one ounce of an gelica (if handy) and one ounce of caster sugar, with a tiny pinch of salt. Mix all these ingredients with two whole eggs, pour the mixture in to a well-buttered mould and boil for three hours. Turn out and serve with sauce. (This pudding is excellent after a dinner party, as all sorts of remains of crystallized fruits can be used for it, and the greater the variety the nicer the pudding.)

Angel Pudding—Melt two ounces each of fresh butter and sugar in half a pint of cream or new milk, then lift it off the fire, and when it is nearly cold, pour it slowly on to two ounces of dried and sifted flour, working it all well together as you pour it, to get the mixture perfectly smooth, and then stir into it the finely grated rind of half a lemon, the yolks of two eggs beaten till light, and lastly, the white of one egg whipped to the stiffest possible froth; pour the mixture into 12 small cups (only half filling each), and bake in a sharp oven for 20 minutes, till the little puddings become of a delicate golden brown. Turn out carefully and serve at once, or they will fall.

The Principality of Montenegro is the only country in Europe which possesses no railways whatsoever.

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

B. D. GETTIG Jno. J. BOWER W. D. ZERBY
GETTIG, BOWER & ZERBY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
Consultation in English and German.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank.
1790

W. G. RUNKLE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly.
Special attention given to collections. Office, 34
Door Crider's Exchange.
1790

H. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building.
1790

Old Fort Hotel

EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: \$1.00 PER DAY.

The National Hotel

MILLHEIM, PA.
I. A. SHAWVER, Prop.
First class accommodations for the traveler. Good table and sleeping apartments. The choicest liquors at the bar. Stable accommodations for horses is the best to be had. Bus to and from all trains on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, at Coburg.

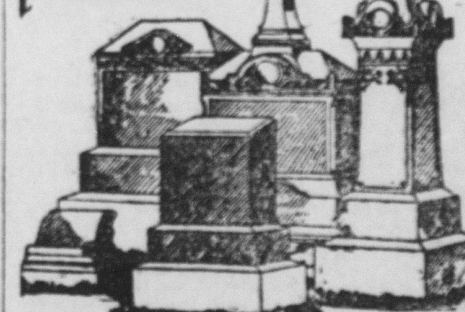
LIVERY &

Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers....
D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. Penn'a R. R.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.
W. B. MINCLE, Cashier.
Receives Deposits...
Discounts Notes...

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE...
MONUMENTAL WORK
In all kinds of
Marble and
Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

LADIES



Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator
Superior to other remedies sold at high prices.
Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents; drug stores or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.
Dr. La Franco, Philadelphia, Pa.

...LEE'S... NEW LIFE TEA

ALWAYS CURES
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
SICK HEADACHE,
And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail. If your dealer will not supply you, Address, John D. Lingham, Holley, N. Y.

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.



One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive monthly periods accompanied by unusual pain extending from the abdomen through the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:
Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—(First Letter.)
"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumors. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—(Second Letter.)
"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my periods stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor and would have to undergo an operation. I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been examined by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's Ills.

by the physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my periods around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
"About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and raging headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me, and to my surprise, declared I had a tumor.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in one of the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, finding to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared, and I was cured, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colman Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

A DESPAIRING WOMAN.
Nervous and Wretched From
Wasting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Henry A. Reafer, 1411
Garret Sts., South Bend, Ind., says:
"When I began
using Doan's Kid-
ney Pills I was so
weak I could
hardly drag my-
self across the
room. I was
wretched and
nervous, and
had backache,
bearing-down
pains, head-
aches, dizziness
and weak
eyes. Dropsy set
in and bloating of the chest choked
me and threatened the heart. I had
little hope, but to my untold surprise
Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief
and saved my life. I shall never for-
get it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Reminiscences Would Be Lively.
Both as journalist and publicist
Henry Labouchere, who announces
his retirement from parliament, has
been an exceedingly interesting figure
in British life for many years.
He could always be depended upon to
enliven debate in the house of com-
mons with an audacious and brilliant
onslaught on the favorite of the hour
or on some abuse that needed correc-
tion. In the old liberal school he was
an extreme radical, but has not for
years been in touch with the later
forms of radicalism. Mr. Labouchere
is being urged to write a book of his
reminiscences, of which he must have
a wonderfully interesting collection.

STOPS BELCHING BY ABSORPTION
—NO DRUGS—A NEW METHOD.

A Box of Wafers Free—Have You Acute
Indigestion, Stomach Trouble, Ir-
regular Bowels, Dizziness,
Short Breath, Gas on
the Stomach?
Bitter Taste—Bad Breath—Impaired Ap-
petite—A feeling of fullness, weight and
pain over the stomach and heart, some-
times nausea and vomiting, also fever and
sick headache?
What causes it? Any one of all these:
Excessive eating and drinking—abuse of
spirits—exhaustion—depression—mental ef-
fort—mental worry and physical fatigue—
bad air—insufficient food—sedentary habits—
absence of teeth—boiling of food.
If you suffer from this slow death and
misericord existence, let us send you a cer-
tificate good for 25¢ toward the pur-
chase of more Belch Wafers. You will
find them invaluable for stomach trou-
bles, indigestion, and all the ailments of
the stomach.
It stops belching and cures a diseased
stomach by absorbing the foul odors from
undigested food and by imparting activity
to the lining of the stomach, enabling it
to thoroughly mix the food with the gastric
juices, which promotes digestion and cures
the disease. This offer may not appear
again.

236 GOOD FOR 25c. 145
Send this coupon with your name
and address and your druggist's name
and 10c in stamps or silver, and we
will supply you a sample free if you
have never used Mull's Anti-Belch
Wafers, and will also send you a cer-
tificate good for 25¢ toward the pur-
chase of more Belch Wafers. You will
find them invaluable for stomach trou-
bles, indigestion, and all the ailments of
the stomach.
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 328 3d
Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.
All druggists, 50c. per box, or by mail
upon receipt of price. Stamps accepted.

The collection of postals is more of a
craze in England than anywhere else.
STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.
I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that I am
senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY &
Co., doing business in the City of Toledo,
County and State aforesaid, and that said
firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOL-
LARS for each and every copy of the CATARH
CURE that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S
CATARH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and
acts directly on the blood and mucous sur-
faces of the system. Send for testimonials
free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
Every one who has used will know that catarrh
is on the back fence.

HEAD COVERED WITH HUMOR.

Bothered With Itching For a Long Time
—Kentucky Lady Now Completely
Well—Cured by Cuticura.
"After using Cuticura Soap, Ointment,
and Pills, I am very glad to say I am
entirely relieved of that itching humor of
the head and scalp which I was bothered
with quite a length of time. I did not
use the Cuticura Remedies more than
three times before I began to get better,
and now I am completely well. I suffered
with that humor on my head, and
found no relief until I took the Cuticura
Remedies. I think I used several cakes
of Cuticura Soap, three boxes of Oint-
ment, and two vials of Pills. I am doing
all I can to publish the Cuticura Rem-
edies, for they have done me good, and I
know they will do others the same. Mrs.
Mattie Jackson, Mortonsville, Ky., June
12, 1905."

The first man to stereotype a newspaper
was Charles Crank.

Cures Blood, Skin Troubles, Cancer, Blood
Poison, Greatest Blood Purifier Free.
If your blood is impure, thin, diseased,
hot or full of humors, if you have blood
poison, cancer, carbuncles, eating sores,
scrofula, eczema, itching, rashes and lumps,
dyspepsia, pimply skin, bone pains, catarrh,
rheumatism, or any blood or skin disease,
take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) accord-
ing to directions. Soon all sores heal,
acnes and pains stop, the blood is made
pure and rich, leaving the skin free from
every eruption, and giving the rich glow of
perfect health to the skin. At the same
time, B. B. B. improves the digestion, cures
dyspepsia, strengthens weak kidneys. Just
the medicine for old people, as it gives
them new vigor, blood, and strength. \$1
per large bottle, with directions for home
use. Sample free and prepaid by writing
Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe
trouble and special free medical advice also
sent in sealed letter. B. B. B. is especially
advised for chronic, deep-seated cases of
impure blood and skin disease, and cures
after all else fails.

COMMERCIAL

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review
of Trade says:—

"Trade reports are more irregular,
chiefly because of the vagaries of the
weather. At some points results are all
that could be desired, the new year start-
ing with much heavier transactions than
in 1905, but high temperature and ex-
cessive rains in other localities retard re-
tail distribution of winter goods, and it
is becoming necessary to reduce stocks
by clearance sales. Nothing disturbs the
vigorous preparations for spring busi-
ness, which promises to make a most
gratifying exhibit. Open weather is fa-
cilitating outdoor work, building op-
erations progressing at an unprecedented
pace for the season, and the Construc-
tion News reports permits issued in 1905
to a value of \$528,186,412, which is 40
per cent. in excess of the preceding year."

"Closing of large contracts for pig
iron by the leading interest provided an
element of strength in the iron and steel
industry that improves the tone and
makes the outlook for the first quarter
most satisfactory. Buyers are more
numerous in the primary markets for
textile fabrics, although the increased
interest thus far is confined almost en-
tirely to purchases at second hands."
"Increased supplies have somewhat de-
pressed the tone of country hides, but
packer lines are fairly steady, and no
division of the market has shown a nor-
mal decline in proportion to the season-
al deterioration in quality. Activity of
Eastern wholesalers in handling samples
indicates that original orders for fall
shoes will be placed much earlier than
in previous seasons."
"Failures for the week numbered 286
in the United States, against 335 last
year."

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Dull and un-
changed; receipts, 6,601 barrels; exports,
10,750 barrels.
WHEAT—Weak; spot contract, 85 3/4
@ 86; January 85 3/4 @ 86; February, 86 1/4
@ 86 3/4; March, 87 1/4 @ 87 3/4; May, 88 1/4
@ 88; Steamer No. 2 red, 79 1/4 @ 79 3/4; re-
ceipts, 26,550 bushels, Southern on grade,
79 3/4 @ 80 1/4.
CORN—Steady; spot, 49 1/4 @ 49 3/4;
January, 49 1/4 @ 49 3/4; February, 49 3/4
@ 49 1/2; March, 49 3/4 @ 50; May, 50 1/4
@ 50 1/2; July, 51 1/4; steamer mixed, 48 1/4 @ 48 3/4;
receipts, 27,650 bushels, exports, 85,714
bushels; Southern white corn, 42 @ 50;
Southern yellow corn, 41 3/4 @ 42 1/4.
OATS—Easier; No. 2 white, 37 1/4 @
38; No. 3, 36 1/4 @ 37; No. 2 mixed, 36 1/2
@ 37; receipts, 9,718 bushels.
RYE—Steady; No. 2 Western, 73 ex-
port; 76 @ 77 domestic; receipts, 9,183
bushels; exports 42,857 bushels.
BUTTER—Firm; unchanged; fancy
imitation, 21 @ 22; fancy creamery, 28 @
29; fancy lard, 18 @ 20; store packed,
16 @ 17.
EGGS—Weak; unchanged; 19.
CHEESE—Steady; unchanged; large,
September, 14 1/4; November, 14; medi-
um, September, 14 1/4; November, 14;
small, 14 @ 14 1/4.
New York.—RYE—Nominal; No. 2
Western, 75 f. o. b. New York.
WHEAT—Spot, weak; No. 2 red,
90 1/2 elevator; No. 2 red, 91 1/4 f. o. b.
float; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 96 1/4 f. o.
float. Heavy liquidation broke
wheat practically a cent per bushel today.
CORN—Spot, steady; No. 2, 56 new
elevator, and 51 1/4 f. o. b. float; No. 2
yellow, 51 1/4; No. 2 white, 52.
OATS—Exports, 3,935 bushels. Spot,
steady. Mixed oats, 26 @ 32 pounds, 36 1/4
@ 37; natural white, 36 @ 32 pounds, 37 1/4
@ 38; clipped white, 36 @ 32 pounds, 40
@ 41 1/4.
New York.—FLOUR—Receipts, 15,382
barrels; exports, 6,553 barrels. Steady,
with light trade.
CHEESE—Firm and unchanged. Re-
ceipts, 2,128.
EGGS—Easy. Receipts, 5,934. State,
Pennsylvania, and near-by, fancy select-
ed, white, 26 @ 27; do, choice, 24 @ 25;
do, mixed extra, 21 @ 22; Western first,
20; do, seconds, 18 1/2 @ 19; Southern, 17
@ 20.
POULTRY—Alive, dull; Western
chickens, 12; fowls, 14; turkey, 14. Dress-
ed, irregular; Western chickens, 10 @ 17;
turkeys, 12 @ 20; fowls, 10 @ 14.
COTTONSEED OIL—Easy; prime
yellow, 32 1/2 @ 33 1/4.
COFFEE—Spot Rio, steady; mild,
steady.
SUGAR—Raw, steady; fair refining,
3 1/2; centrifugal, 66 test, 3 1/2; molasses
sugar, 2 1/2; refined, quiet.

Live Stock.
New York.—BEEVES—Market very
slow; steers, 10 @ 20c. lower; some late
sales 25c. off; bulls steady; cows 10 @ 15c.
off; steers, 3.80 @ 5.40; oxen, 4.25 @ 5.05;
bulls, 3.00 @ 4.00; cows, 1.90 @ 3.60. Ca-
bles quoted live cattle dull, at 10 1/4 @ 11 1/4
per pound; few tops, 11 1/2c. dressed
weight; refrigerator beef, 7 1/2 @ 8 1/4c. per
pound.
CATTLE—Common and medium veals
5.00 @ 8.50; no good veals here; no bar-
yard or Western calves; dressed calves
easy; city-dressed veals, 9 @ 12.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep weak;
lambs 10 @ 25c. lower; sheep, 3.50 @ 5.50
culls, 3.00; lambs, 7.15 @ 7.75; one car
choice, 8.10.
HOGS—Nominally firmer on Buffalo
advice.
Chicago.—CATTLE—Common to
prime steers, 3.40 @ 6.50; cows, 3.00 @
4.40; heifers, 2.25 @ 5.50; bulls, 2.00 @
4.10; calves, 3.00 @ 8.00; stockers and
feeders, 2.00 @ 5.00.
HOGS—Market 5 @ 7 1/2c. lower; choice
to good heavy, 5.40 @ 5.50; medium to
good heavy, 5.35 @ 5.40; butcher weights,
5.40 @ 5.50; good to choice heavy mixed,
5.40 @ 5.45; packing, 5.25 @ 5.42 1/2.
SHEEP—Market dull; sheep, 4.00 @
6.00; yearlings, 5.00 @ 6.65; lambs, 7.25 @
7.75.
MUCH IN LITTLE.
Europe has a population of about 395,
000,000, or about one-fourth of that of
the whole world. Belgium has the densest
population.
Great Britain and Ireland export every
year about \$25,000,000 worth of linen
goods, of which one-half is shipped to
the United States.
Grand opera, vaudeville, melodrama
and heavy drama, circuses, church so-
ciables, baseball games, newspaper fights
and cockfights are the order of the day
in "Little New York," otherwise known
as Manila, P. I.

Year 1905 Sales.

The total distributive sales for 1905
exceeded
\$300,000,000.

This total is realized from the sale
of fresh meats (beef, mutton and
pork), provisions, produce (poultry,
butter and eggs), soaps, glues, oils,
bones, fertilizers, feathers, casings,
hides, wools, pelts and other by-pro-
ducts derived from cattle, sheep, hogs
and poultry.

Margin of Profit.

The industry is operated on a mar-
gin of less than 2 cents to each dol-
lar of sales. Swift & Co. do not sell
at retail. Their entire output is sold
at wholesale to many thousands of
dealers in various parts of the world.
There are hundreds of local slaughter-
ers throughout the United States, who
buy their live stock in competition
with the packer doing an interstate
and international business. Likewise
the packer must sell in competition
with the local slaughterers. There are
no secret processes in the industry, no
complicated and expensive factories,
and as live stock can be purchased in
almost every hamlet and city, and the
preparation of meats is simple in the
extreme, local slaughtering will long
remain a factor in the production of
fresh meats and provisions.

Economic Advantages.

The large packing houses will, how-
ever, always have these advantages:
Locations at the chief live stock cen-
ters, with the opportunity to buy the
best live stock; manufacturing in large
quantities, at the minimum of ex-
pense; utilization of all waste mate-
rial; refrigeration; mechanical appli-
ances; highly efficient business man-
agement. These advantages are re-
flected in the quality of the packer's
output, a quality that has reached its
highest development in the products
bearing the name and brand of
"Swift."

Purchasing Live Stock.

The principal live stock centers are
Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St.

Paul and Fort
Worth. The same methods of purchas-
ing cattle, sheep and hogs prevail at
all cities. At Chicago, which is the
largest market, there are about two
hundred and fifty buyers, representing
packers, local slaughterers in various
cities, and exporters. Of this number,
less than a score are employed by
Swift & Company.
The farmer ships his live stock to
Chicago, consigns them to a commis-
sion firm at the Union Stock Yards,
who sees that they are unloaded and
put in pens. Then the buyers inspect
them, make their offers to the commis-
sion dealer, who accepts or rejects as
his judgment dictates. All buying must
be finished at 3 o'clock each day, and
the buyer must pay spot cash. If the
commission man has no satisfactory
offers, he can hold his stock over to
the next day. He gets his commission
from the farmer, and naturally strives
to get the highest possible price for his
client.
Wholesale Distributing Houses.
A wholesale distributing house is a
giant refrigerator, but instead of
shelves there are trolley rails, from
which are suspended hooks to hang the
carcasses. Some of the houses cost as
much as a hundred thousand dollars to
build and equip. As a rule they are of
pressed brick, the insides being lined—
floor, walls and ceiling—with highly
polished hardwood. The floors are cov-
ered daily with fresh sawdust and all
are kept spotlessly clean. There are
over three hundred of these wholesale
houses in various cities of the United
States, and the public is always wel-
come to visit them.
Packing Plants.
All the Swift & Company plants are
located at the great live stock markets,
in the heart of the great agricultural
sections, where can be purchased the
finest grades of cattle, sheep and hogs.
We have seven packing plants, employ-
ing at each from two to eight thousand
persons.
The following gives the locations
and sizes of the different plants:

Name Made All Complete.
As is generally known, the charm-
ing town of Wadoboro, Me., included
among its first settlers a successful
colony of Dutch. The names of Ul-
mer, Holmerhausen, Winchenbaum,
Sidenstarker and many others of
Dutch or German origin are now
borne by the most respected families
of Knox and Lincoln counties, and the
old Dutch Lutheran churches of Wad-
oboro and Bristol, both erected in
the eighteenth century, are visited by
all tourists to that section.
One winter evening the solons of
the village were gathered in the gen-
eral store, and having tired of the dis-
cussion of the latest "boss trade" and
other local events, were amusing
themselves with constructing a steer
from the names of those present.
Mr. Hoof thought his name an-
swered very well for a starter; Joe
Sides thought he was worthy of place
in the animal; John Horn considered
he would be ornamental as well as
useful. Still the "critter" did not seem
complete; when, by good luck, "Old
Jim Onbehind" came in, and by
unanimous consent it was voted that
he would do very well for a tail.

The Russo-Chinese bank at Yokohama is
reopening.

Because of the growing scarcity of
timber, matches are now being made
of paper.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E.
W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

An Incident.
It was in a street car, but on the rear
seats where one was allowed to
smoke that this occurred. A peppy-
looking woman was sitting on one of
these seats, evidently taking umbrage
at an Irishman who was smoking.
Finally her indignation mounted so
high that she adjusted her pince-nez
glasses on her thin nose and inquired:
"My good man, are you accustomed
to smoke in the presence of a lady?"
"No, mum!" replied the Irishman
stolidly, and continued smoking.
Two girls up in front tittered and
the peppy lady got off two blocks
farther on.

Nothing knocks out and disables like
Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as
quickly as

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One box colors all blue. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You
can dye any garment without rubbing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. PUTNAM DYE CO., Unionville, Missouri.

Swift & Company

Year 1905 Sales.

The total distributive sales for 1905
exceeded
\$300,000,000.

This total is realized from the sale
of fresh meats (beef, mutton and
pork), provisions, produce (poultry,
butter and eggs), soaps, glues, oils,
bones, fertilizers, feathers, casings,
hides, wools, pelts and other by-pro-
ducts derived from cattle, sheep, hogs
and poultry.

The industry is operated on a mar-
gin of less than 2 cents to each dol-
lar of sales. Swift & Co. do not sell
at retail. Their entire output is sold
at wholesale to many thousands of
dealers in various parts of the world.
There are hundreds of local slaughter-
ers throughout the United States, who
buy their live stock in competition
with the packer doing an interstate
and international business. Likewise
the packer must sell in competition
with the local slaughterers. There are
no secret processes in the industry, no
complicated and expensive factories,
and as live stock can be purchased in
almost every hamlet and city, and the
preparation of meats is simple in the
extreme, local slaughtering will long
remain a factor in the production of
fresh meats and provisions.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Dull and un-
changed; receipts, 6,601 barrels; exports,
10,750 barrels.
WHEAT—Weak; spot contract, 85 3/4
@ 86; January 85 3/4 @ 86; February, 86 1/4
@ 86 3/4; March, 87 1/4 @ 87 3/4; May, 88 1/4
@ 88; Steamer No. 2 red, 79 1/4 @ 79 3/4; re-
ceipts, 26,550 bushels, Southern on grade,
79 3/4 @ 80 1/4.
CORN—Steady; spot, 49 1/4 @ 49 3/4;
January, 49 1/4 @ 49 3/4; February, 49 3/4
@ 49 1/2; March, 49 3/4 @ 50; May, 50 1/4
@ 50 1/2; July, 51 1/4; steamer mixed, 48 1/4 @ 48 3/4;
receipts, 27,650 bushels, exports, 85,714
bushels; Southern white corn, 42 @ 50;
Southern yellow corn, 41 3/4 @ 42 1/4.
OATS—Easier; No. 2 white, 37 1/4 @
38; No. 3, 36 1/4 @ 37; No. 2 mixed, 36 1/2
@ 37; receipts, 9,718 bushels.
RYE—Steady; No. 2 Western, 73 ex-
port; 76 @ 77 domestic; receipts, 9,183
bushels; exports 42,857 bushels.
BUTTER—Firm; unchanged; fancy
imitation, 21 @ 22; fancy creamery, 28 @
29; fancy lard, 18 @ 20; store packed,
16 @ 17.
EGGS—Weak; unchanged; 19.
CHEESE—Steady; unchanged; large,
September, 14 1/4; November, 14; medi-
um, September, 14 1/4; November, 14;
small, 14 @ 14 1/4.
New York.—RYE—Nominal; No. 2
Western, 75 f. o. b. New York.
WHEAT—Spot, weak; No. 2 red,
90 1/2 elevator; No. 2 red, 91 1/4 f. o. b.
float; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 96 1/4 f. o.
float. Heavy liquidation broke
wheat practically a cent per bushel today.
CORN—Spot, steady; No. 2, 56 new
elevator, and 51 1/4 f. o. b. float; No. 2
yellow, 51 1/4; No. 2 white, 52.
OATS—Exports, 3,935 bushels. Spot,
steady. Mixed oats, 26 @ 32 pounds, 36 1/4
@ 37; natural white, 36 @ 32 pounds, 37 1/4
@ 38; clipped white, 36 @ 32 pounds, 40
@ 41 1/4.
New York.—FLOUR—Receipts, 15,382
barrels; exports, 6,553 barrels. Steady,
with light trade.
CHEESE—Firm and unchanged. Re-
ceipts, 2,128.
EGGS—Easy. Receipts, 5,934. State,
Pennsylvania, and near-by, fancy select-
ed, white, 26 @ 27; do, choice, 24 @ 25;
do, mixed extra, 21 @ 22; Western first,
20; do, seconds, 18 1/2 @ 19; Southern, 17
@ 20.
POULTRY—Alive, dull; Western
chickens, 12; fowls, 14; turkey, 14. Dress-
ed, irregular; Western chickens, 10 @ 17;
turkeys, 12 @ 20; fowls, 10 @ 14.
COTTONSEED OIL—Easy; prime
yellow, 32 1/2 @ 33 1/4.
COFFEE—Spot Rio, steady; mild,
steady.
SUGAR—Raw, steady; fair refining,
3 1/2; centrifugal, 66 test, 3 1/2; molasses
sugar, 2 1/2; refined, quiet.

Live Stock.
New York.—BEEVES—Market very
slow; steers, 10 @ 20c. lower; some late
sales 25c. off; bulls steady; cows 10 @ 15c.
off; steers, 3.80 @ 5.40; oxen, 4.25 @ 5.05;
bulls, 3.00 @ 4.00; cows, 1.90 @ 3.60. Ca-
bles quoted live cattle dull, at 10 1/4 @ 11 1/4
per pound; few tops, 11 1/2c. dressed
weight; refrigerator beef, 7 1/2 @ 8 1/4c. per
pound.
CATTLE—Common and medium veals
5.00 @ 8.50; no good veals here; no bar-
yard or Western calves; dressed calves
easy; city-dressed veals, 9 @ 12.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep weak;
lambs 10 @ 25c. lower; sheep, 3.50 @ 5.50
culls, 3.00; lambs, 7.15 @ 7.75; one car
choice, 8.10.
HOGS—Nominally firmer on Buffalo
advice.
Chicago.—CATTLE—Common to
prime steers, 3.40 @ 6.50; cows, 3.00 @
4.40; heifers, 2.25 @ 5.50; bulls, 2.00 @
4.10; calves, 3.00 @ 8.00; stockers and
feeders, 2.00 @ 5.00.
HOGS—Market 5 @ 7 1/2c. lower; choice
to good heavy, 5.40 @ 5.50; medium to
good heavy, 5.35 @ 5.40; butcher weights,
5.40 @ 5.50; good to choice heavy mixed,
5.40 @ 5.45; packing, 5.25 @ 5.42 1/2.
SHEEP—Market dull; sheep, 4.00 @
6.00; yearlings, 5.00 @ 6.65; lambs, 7.25 @
7.75.
MUCH IN LITTLE.
Europe has a population of about 395,
000,000, or about one-fourth of that of
the whole world. Belgium has the densest
population.
Great Britain and Ireland export every
year about \$25,000,000 worth of linen
goods, of which one-half is shipped to
the United States.
Grand opera, vaudeville, melodrama
and heavy drama, circuses, church so-
ciables, baseball games, newspaper fights
and cockfights are the order of the day
in "Little New York," otherwise known
as Manila, P. I.

Paul and Fort
Worth. The same methods of purchas-
ing cattle, sheep and hogs prevail at
all cities. At Chicago, which is the
largest market, there are about two
hundred and fifty buyers, representing
packers, local slaughterers in various
cities, and exporters. Of this number,
less than a score are employed by
Swift & Company.
The farmer ships his live stock to
Chicago, consigns them to a commis-
sion firm at the Union Stock Yards,
who sees that they are unloaded and
put in pens. Then the buyers inspect
them, make their offers to the commis-
sion dealer, who accepts or rejects as
his judgment dictates. All buying must
be finished at 3 o'clock each day, and
the buyer must pay spot cash. If the
commission man has no satisfactory
offers, he can hold his stock over to
the next day. He gets his commission
from the farmer, and naturally strives
to get the highest possible price for his
client.
Wholesale Distributing Houses.
A wholesale distributing house is a
giant refrigerator, but instead of
shelves there are trolley rails, from
which are suspended hooks to hang the
carcasses. Some of the houses cost as
much as a hundred thousand dollars to
build and equip. As a rule they are of
pressed brick, the insides being lined—
floor, walls and ceiling—with highly
polished hardwood. The floors are cov-
ered daily with fresh sawdust and all
are kept spotlessly clean. There are
over three hundred of these wholesale
houses in various cities of the United
States, and the public is always wel-
come to visit them.
Packing Plants.
All the Swift & Company plants are
located at the great live stock markets,
in the heart of the great agricultural
sections, where can be purchased the
finest grades of cattle, sheep and hogs.
We have seven packing plants, employ-
ing at each from two to eight thousand
persons.
The following gives the locations
and sizes of the different plants:

Name Made All Complete.
As is generally known, the charm-
ing town of Wadoboro, Me., included
among its first settlers a successful
colony of Dutch. The names of Ul-
mer, Holmerhausen, Winchenbaum,
Sidenstarker and many others of
Dutch or German origin are now
borne by the most respected families
of Knox and Lincoln counties, and the
old Dutch Lutheran churches of Wad-
oboro and Bristol, both erected in
the eighteenth century, are visited by
all tourists to that section.
One winter evening the solons of
the village were gathered in the gen-
eral store, and having tired of the dis-
cussion of the latest "boss trade" and
other local events, were amusing
themselves with constructing a steer
from the names of those present.
Mr. Hoof thought his name an-
swered very well for a starter; Joe
Sides thought he was worthy of place
in the animal; John Horn considered
he would be ornamental as well as
useful. Still the "critter" did not seem
complete; when, by good luck, "Old
Jim Onbehind" came in, and by
unanimous consent it was voted that
he would do very well for a tail.

The Russo-Chinese bank at Yokohama is
reopening.

Because of the growing scarcity of
timber, matches are now being made
of paper.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E.
W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

An Incident.
It was in a street car, but on the rear
seats where one was allowed to
smoke that this occurred. A peppy-
looking woman was sitting on one of
these seats, evidently taking umbrage
at an Irishman who was smoking.
Finally her indignation mounted so
high that she adjusted her pince-nez
glasses on her thin nose and inquired:
"My good man, are you accustomed
to smoke in the presence of a lady?"
"No, mum!" replied the Irishman
stolidly, and continued smoking.
Two girls up in front tittered and
the peppy lady got off two blocks
farther on.

The Russo-Chinese bank at Yokohama is
reopening.

Because of the growing scarcity of
timber, matches are now being made
of paper.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E.
W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

An Incident.
It was in a street car, but on the rear
seats where one was allowed to
smoke that this occurred. A peppy-
looking woman was sitting on one of
these seats, evidently taking umbrage
at an Irishman who was smoking.
Finally her indignation mounted so
high that she adjusted her pince-nez
glasses on her thin nose and inquired:
"My good man, are you accustomed
to smoke in the presence of a lady?"
"No, mum!" replied the Irishman
stolidly, and continued smoking.
Two girls up in front tittered and
the peppy lady got off two blocks
farther on.

Nothing knocks out and disables like
Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as
quickly as

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One box colors all blue. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You
can dye any garment without rubbing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. PUTNAM DYE CO., Unionville, Missouri.

Year 1905 Sales.

The total distributive sales for 1905
exceeded
\$300,000,000.

This total is realized from the sale
of fresh meats (beef, mutton and
pork), provisions, produce (poultry,
butter and eggs), soaps, glues, oils,
bones, fertilizers, feathers, casings,
hides, wools, pelts and other by-pro-
ducts derived from cattle, sheep, hogs
and poultry.

The industry is operated on a mar-
gin of less than 2 cents to each dol-
lar of sales. Swift & Co. do not sell
at retail. Their entire output is sold
at wholesale to many thousands of
dealers in various parts of the world.
There are hundreds of local slaughter-
ers throughout the United States, who
buy their live stock in competition
with the packer doing an interstate
and international business. Likewise
the packer must sell in competition
with the local slaughterers. There are
no secret processes in the industry, no
complicated and expensive factories,
and as live stock can be purchased in
almost every hamlet and city, and the
preparation of meats is simple in the
extreme, local slaughtering will long
remain a factor in the

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1906.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Methodist—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 10 o'clock, by John Miller, Centre Hall: Household goods, bugles, etc.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 10 o'clock p. m., 1-4 mile south of Colyer, by George B. Lee: 2 horses, 3 colts, 5 sheeps, one brood sow, 9 fine milch cows, will be fresh by time of sale, 3 calves, folder shredder and a full line of farm implements.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 2 o'clock p. m., at Centre Hall, by Mary A. Colyer and Calvin S. Bortol, executors of Wm. Colyer, deceased: Three tracts of real estate. See posters.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 10 a. m., J. C. Vonada and C. W. Kishel, one mile west of Centre Hall, on the Rabel farm: 5 horses, 13 cows, 7 young cattle, 10 hogs, full line of farm implements. Horses and cattle are all in good condition.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 10:30 a. m., D. K. Keller and F. P. Jodon, at Tusseyville: Farm stock, east of Centre Hall, 4 work horses, 3 colts, 7 milch cows, 2 fat steers, 2 heifers, 3 calves, 20 hogs, 1 sheep, also full line of new farm implements.

Mrs. George E. Stover—Thursday, March 3, James P. Grove—Friday, March 3.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, one o'clock, Mrs. Eliza Smith, at Centre Hall: Farm stock and implements.

W. H. Bartholomew, Centre Hall—Saturday, March 10: Household goods, farm implements.

Frank Pennington—Saturday, March 10, 2 miles south of Tusseyville: Farm stock, implements and lumbering outfit.

TUESDAY, MARCH 13, one o'clock, J. D. Murray, Centre Hall: Household goods.

D. A. Eitel—March 13, one mile north of Penna Hall: Horse, cattle, hogs, and farm implements.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 10 a. m., 2-4 miles north of Lemont, by Nathan Grove: 5 horses, 2 year old colts, 5 milch cows, 2 bulls, 16 head young cattle, brood sow, lot of sheeps; complete line of farm implements.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 10 o'clock, Adam Krumine, at Tusseyville: Farm stock, east of Centre Hall, on the Sump farm, Sydney I. Poorman: 6 work horses, 3 colts, 9 milch cows, 2 short horn bulls, 6 young cattle, 6 calves, 2 brood sows, 17 sheeps, and a full line of farm implements; also Kemp manure spreader, No. 3 sharpies cream separator.

John H. Durn—Wednesday, March 22.

George Gingenrich—Tuesday, March 27.

DEATHS.

MRS. SUSAN WISE.

Mrs. Susan Wise died at the home of F. P. Duck, from cancer of the stomach, aged seventy-four years. Four daughters and four sons, twenty-four grand children and nine great grand children survive. The immediate children are: Thos. F., Madisonburg; Chas. S., Clyde, O.; George E., Rebersburg; Wm. C., Portland, Oregon; Mrs. J. H. B. Hartman, Mrs. F. P. Duck, Millheim; Mrs. H. D. Hagan, Farmers Mills; Mrs. Solomon Homan, Williamsport.

JOHN P. GEPHART.

John Philip Gephart died at his home in Bellefonte, Wednesday evening of last week, after a lingering illness of seven years from paralysis. Deceased was seventy-nine years of age and was a native of Penn township. In his early life he kept a store in Millheim. In 1864 he was elected register and recorder of the county and served three years. In 1879 he was elected a member of the Legislature and served until 1882. In politics he was a Democrat and a man of considerable prominence not only in this county but throughout the state. He was twice married, and is survived by his second wife and two children, Mrs. L. T. Munson, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. W. B. Dix, of Dayton, Ohio.

LOCALS.

John L. Runkle, of Tusseyville, and William Reiber, of Colyer, were in town Monday on business.

Roy Shaffer will be employed on the farm by D. K. Keller. He and Mrs. Shaffer and baby Shaffer will have their home with Mr. Keller, on the Old Huston farm.

George B. Lee and Elmer Miller, of Colyer, were callers Saturday. Mr. Lee is baggage master at Milton, and after his sale on February 21st, he will move his family to that place.

The Osterburg Press, a sprightly little paper in its first volume, is deserving of the patronage of the good people of Osterburg and vicinity. The editor and publisher is Miley M. Griffith.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Decker, of near Spring Mills, who made sale of their personal belongings recently, Monday started for their new home in Mitchell, South Dakota. They will begin farming in the northwest.

After suffering three months from the effects of a broken leg, E. Potter Tate, of Yeagertown, is able to be about again. The break occurred through the runaway of a team of horses. The fracture was reduced, but the bones failed to knit satisfactorily, and Mr. Tate was taken to the German Hospital, Philadelphia, on Thanksgiving day, where he was treated until a few weeks ago when he returned to his home with his son, George Tate, at Yeagertown. Dr. Dever had the case in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Swint, 1120 Gano Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., are mourning the loss of their little daughter, aged one year, eleven months. Mr. Swint, when a boy, had his home with the Slabigs near Centre Hall, and will be remembered by many of the Reporter readers, all of whom will regret the affliction of the family.

THE BOROUGH CAUCUS.

Democrats and Republicans Nominate Local Tickets.

The Democratic caucus was held in the Council Room, Penna Valley Banking Building, Saturday evening. There was a very good attendance, and in most instances the nominations were made by acclamation, the exceptions being school directors and councilmen.

D. J. Meyer, the local committee-man, called the house to order, and received the nomination of W. B. Mingle, Esq., as chairman, and Messrs. L. L. Smith and Charles D. Bartholomew as clerks. The motion was put and carried.

A rule was made that each candidate must receive a majority of the votes cast to become the nominee.

The ticket nominated is as follows: Judge of Election—John T. Lee. Inspector—John H. Puff.

School Directors—D. A. Booser. S. W. Smith.

Councilmen—W. Frank Bradford. J. W. Mitterling.

Justice—W. B. Mingle. John G. Dauberman.

Tax Collector—J. Frank Smith. Burgess—M. L. Emerick.

Auditor—S. S. Kremer. High Constable—John Geary.

For the office of school director Messrs. M. L. Emerick, Thomas G. Wilson and Dr. G. W. Hosterman were also nominated and received, respectively, 8, 10 and 12 votes.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The Republicans of the borough, B. D. Brisbin, chairman, held their caucus Monday evening. The only candidate nominated was for the office of inspector, for which place M. N. Miller was named.

Three Plays.

The members of the Epworth League, in Centre Hall, will render three plays in Grange Arcadia, Saturday evening, 10th instant. These young people, on previous occasions, have entertained audiences in a most delightful way, which is a guarantee that the plays advertised by them will be well worth hearing. Tickets are now on sale by Chas. D. Bartholomew. Buy early and secure choice seats. Admission 10 and 15 cents. Reserved seats, 25 cents.

Obituary.

Sarah Treesler was born the 12th day of May in the year 1839. She was baptized into the Christian faith and was a faithful member of the Evangelical church.

The 8th day of December, 1864, she was married to M. B. Duck, and eight children were born to grace this union. She died on the 22nd day of January, 1906, being the first one of the family to end her labors in the body. The lovely and lovable character, about which these facts center, and which runs through them like a golden thread, lends them nobility and sublimity. Its purpose and aspiration were that of the Psalmist: "As for me I shall behold thy face in righteousness, I shall be satisfied when I awake in thy likeness." To behold the face of God in righteousness, and at last to awake in his likeness, controlled her life.

The simplicity and unselfishness of her devotion and service to her family have never been surpassed. She never considered her own comfort or life when she could serve her family. It was her delight to "disappear" individually that she might "re-appear" severally and collectively in the greater joy of family successes. For the joy that was set before her, she counted the temporary deprivation and cost for naught. The sincere joy of Christian self-sacrifice was all the reward she coveted.

Flowers are beautiful and fragrant, but the center-piece gives them more than beauty and more than fragrance. From her there shines a purity rivaling the pure white throat of the lily's corolla, and a fragrance that shall only increase with the years; for she has written for herself a character upon the immortal elements of the world. For two score years she has been the center of the family and its ambitions, the source of its inspirations, the recipient of its trophies of victory, and now the time has come that the center has been removed so that the surrounding units may assume full place as subsequent centers, and work out for themselves a like beautiful and influential life.

It is an artifice of nature to give much life through death. In this case one has given herself, body and soul, and eight robust children, all in the prime of life, are the result of her life. And this was her joy—to give herself that they might have life, and have it more abundantly. Knowing that she now beholds God's face in righteousness and is satisfied on awakening in his likeness, let us endeavor to surrender her to Him who has given so much through her.

The following are the surviving members of the family, all of whom were present to pay a last tribute of love to the memory of the mother: The husband and father, Mrs. Lila Hettinger, and Magnus T., of Spring Mills; Mrs. Blanche E. Phillips, of New York; Elkanah M., of Montville, N. J.; Florida B., of St. Louis Mo.; Charles C., of Munson; Almon L. and Bertha O., at home.

FEBRUARY ELECTION NOMINEES

Were Named in the Various Townships Saturday by the Democrats.

In pursuance to a call by the county and local chairmen, the Democratic caucuses were held Saturday, and nominations made for the local offices. Appended are a list of candidates named on the South side.

[NOTE—For the office of supervisor, the first named is for one year, the second for two and the third for three years.]

Potter, North Precinct—Judge of election, D. W. Bradford; inspector, James Decker; registration assessor, Robert Bloom.

West Precinct—Judge of election, P. B. Jordan; inspector, M. F. Rossman; registration assessor, David Portney.

South Precinct—Judge of election, Dr. J. K. Hosterman; inspector, G. H. Ripka; registration assessor, John Treaster.

School directors, Michael Rossman, Jackson Weaver; road supervisors, A. F. Heckman, Frank Royer, James A. Keller; tax collector, Roland P. Treaster; overseer, David Bartige; town clerk, A. B. Lee; auditor, John Portney.

Miles, East Precinct—Judge of election, W. A. Winters; inspector, Olando Weaver; registration assessor, K. Stover.

Middle Precinct—Judge of election, W. J. Weber; inspector, A. J. Ocker; registration assessor, Adam Grenoble.

School directors, H. A. Meyer, Fred Siegel; supervisors, T. N. Stover, G. W. Shaffer, J. W. Harter; tax collector, C. H. Small; overseer, Adam Vonada; auditor, C. C. Smull; town clerk, W. H. Heckman.

Gregg, East Precinct—Judge of election, H. W. Weaver; inspector, D. G. Heckman; registration assessor, John P. Eckel.

North Precinct—Judge of election, J. F. Emerick; inspector, L. C. Spayd; registration assessor, Daniel Ream.

West Precinct—Judge of election, M. L. Duck; inspector, J. O. Beatty; registration assessor, Ed. Jamison.

School directors, J. F. Hosterman, J. M. Heckman, Floyd Bowersox; supervisors, Benj. Limbert, J. P. Grove, Daniel Ripka; tax collector, C. Bartiges; auditor, W. P. Hosterman; town clerk, W. W. Jamison.

Penn—Judge of election, Samuel Ream; inspector, S. R. Lingle. School directors, Percival Sharp, George M. Bower; supervisors, Jacob Kerstetter, O. A. Jamison, A. J. Stover; overseer, Samuel Ayl; tax collector, W. E. Braucht; auditor, F. P. Vonada; town clerk, L. A. Meyer; justice of the peace, A. L. Auman.

Haines, West Precinct—Judge of election, Luther Bower; inspector, Wm. H. Harter; registration assessor, Milton Stover.

East Precinct—Judge of election, J. L. Winegardner; inspector, A. M. Yearick; registration assessor, L. Reinhart.

School directors, A. M. Bower, M. O. Stover; supervisors, C. W. Wolf, J. W. Winkielech, Geo. Weaver; overseer, Henry Zerby; tax collector, L. D. Orndorf; auditor, H. S. Winkielech; town clerk, H. O. Bower; justice of peace, C. H. Stover.

Harris—Judge of election, John Gingenrich; inspector, Frank Lohr. School directors, D. W. Meyers, R. B. Harrison, E. W. Hess; supervisors, O. W. Stover, David Bohn, D. B. Thomas; tax collector, Adam Ziegler; auditor, J. L. Treesler; town clerk, Charles Cori; justice of peace, F. Potter.

Ferguson, East Precinct—Judge of election, W. Keller; inspector, D. M. Nidigh; registration assessor, H. Fry.

West Precinct—Judge of election, Jacob Kryder; inspector, Harry Koch; registration assessor, Ellis Lytle.

School directors, Hon. J. W. Kepler, F. W. Krumrine; supervisors, G. B. Campbell, J. F. Meyer, N. E. Hess; overseer, G. F. Miller; auditor, G. W. Homan; tax collector, A. J. Tate; town clerk, W. H. Roush; justice of peace, J. H. Miller.

Bellefonte Borough—Democratic ticket: Burgess, no nomination; tax collector, J. K. Johnston; treasurer, Jas. K. Barnhart; overseer, Wm. Johnson. Republican ticket: Burgess, Gen. John I. Curtis; tax collector, W. C. Cassidy; treasurer, Wm. B. Rankin; overseer, John Love; auditor, John Mitchell.

A POINTER FOR BOYS.

The Boy Who Tries to do the Least Always Has the Hardest Time—He Must Trot to Catch Up.

An exchange gives boys the following tip: A horse that is a fast walker does not have to trot so much. Did our boys ever notice that? Well it is much the same with boys. A boy who walks right up to and with his work—keeps abreast with his duties, has a much more pleasant time than the boy who is always lagging to the rear. A boy must in some shape or other, do his share, and if he persists in poking along whenever the eye of the instructor is on something else, he must be made to trot to catch up with the fast, even walker who finds his work easy and pleasant because he never allows it to get ahead of him. Take a lot of boys together and the fellow who tries to do the least has much the hardest time of any. The boy who has the easiest time is the one who peels off his coat and starts right in with the determination of doing well and promptly the work that is assigned to him to do.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Mother's Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children, for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Pottery Mills.

Engraved Cards.

Orders for engraved cards, invitations, etc., taken at this office. The highest class work.

Afraid of Strong Medicines.

Many people suffer for years from rheumatic pains, and prefer to do so rather than take the strong medicines usually given for rheumatism, not knowing that quick relief from pain may be had simply by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm and without taking any medicine internally. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Pottery Mills.

VACCINE VIRUS VS. SMALL-POX

While Victims of the Horrible Disease Fell All About Them, Mr. Hyatt and His Family, With Vaccination As Their Only Weapon, Lived Unharmed.

Commissioner of Health Samuel G. Dixon has received the following letter from John T. Hyatt, of Jersey Shore, Pa., former Vice-Consul at Santiago, telling of Mr. Hyatt's personal experience in fighting small-pox with vaccine virus:

Jersey Shore, Pa., Jan. 4, 1906. Hon. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of Health, Harrisburg, Pa.:

Dear Sir—As at Lock Haven and other parts of the state there is so much opposition to vaccination, as required by the Act of June 18, 1895, I feel constrained to write you some of my own experiences and observations with reference to that subject.

I was American Vice-Consul at Santiago De Cuba from 1893 to 1897 inclusive. The influx to Santiago from the rural districts, where, on account of the revolution, it was very dangerous to live, was very heavy, and particularly after the inhuman reconcentration order of General Weyler. In 1896 industry was stifled and poverty and starvation were reigning supreme at Santiago, meat selling as high as 75c. and \$1 a pound, eggs at 10c. apiece, and other things at proportionate prices. At this time yellow fever and small-pox broke out in the most virulent form. It was estimated at the time that during that year there were 10,000 cases of yellow fever and 20,000 cases of small-pox in the city of Santiago. As I recollect it now, the death rate from these two causes alone in that city ascended to a level of from 60 to 100 deaths per day.

The Spanish government, unmindful of the welfare of the people, took little or no steps to stamp out the scourges, and although private enterprise imported a considerable amount of vaccine virus, yet the indifference of the authorities and the opposition of the illiterates, being perhaps about 75 per cent. of the population, prevented any considerable amount of vaccination. No efforts were made at quarantining. Those suffering in various stages of small-pox walked about the streets, mingling with the people unmolested, and many of them came into the consulate on business. Small-pox broke out in nearly all of the houses in the vicinity of the consulate. One man, I remember particularly, afflicted with the dreadful disease in its confluent form, lay in my plain right in the open air under the eaves of a house standing back in the adjacent lot, not more than 40 feet from where I worked at my desk, with the breeze blowing from him to me, and I saw this man die and his corpse carried away.

My father and mother and wife were with me at this time, and as soon as the small-pox broke out we were all vaccinated, although we had each been successfully vaccinated in previous years. The vaccination took slightly with each member of our family, and we were all vaccinated regularly thereafter every month or two, in order to see every possible precaution, but the vaccination did not take in any case practically after the first application. Whenever fresh virus came to the consulate from the States we distributed the supply where it seemed to be most advisable. Although constantly exposed to confluent small-pox for nearly two years, none of my family took the disease. Neither did others at Santiago during that eventful period who were careful to be successfully vaccinated, as I recollect now from inquiries then made, although the dead wagons were crying such a continuous freight to the cemetery that it was a common thing for the sexton and his help when night fell to find 20 or 30 more corpses on their hands for interment than they were able to bury, and which they had to leave out all night in the cemetery and bury in the morning.

If this letter can be of any help to you in your magnificent work of enlightening the people of this Commonwealth on the importance of vaccination, you have my permission to use it. Very respectfully yours, JOHN T. HYATT.

The Term "Greenhorn."

The term "greenhorn" originated in this way: The pioneers of the west were much given to hunting deer. It was a fact known to early settlers that when the horn of a fawn began to grow there was a ring of green hair around the spot. It was considered a disgraceful thing for a hunter to kill a fawn, a cruel act, and the killing time was regulated by the growth of the horn. There was a sort of unwritten law that no one should kill a male fawn before its horn could be seen. A person who was so unthoughtful as to kill a deer under the proper age was called a "greenhorn." He was so named because the young horn of the deer and the hair around it were still green. The use of the appellation gradually spread until it was applied to all raw or inexperienced youths or persons easily imposed upon.

The Clerk Was Right.

"Well," said Wymat, as he vainly tried to get into a No. 12 shoe with the aid of four shoe horns, "the clerk that sold me these shoes was right. I should have worn the box."

Mushrooms.

Tommy—Papa, is it always damp where they raise mushrooms? Papa—Yes, my son, Tommy. Is that why they look like umbrellas?

Measured His.

Brown—Did the tailor take your measure? Jones—I should think he did. He said I had to pay in advance.

SALE OF SURPLUS STOCK.

Montgomery & Company, Bellefonte, Are Closing Out Surplus Stock at Half Price—Sale Closes January 31st.

Montgomery & Company, Bellefonte, are closing out their surplus stock at half price. Their lines of goods embrace hats, caps, gloves, overcoats, suits, trousers, rain coats, and an endless variety of men's wear, children's suits, all sizes, children's waists, men's and boys' shirts.

Remember it is Montgomery & Co., Bellefonte.

Love is blind, and it may also be a case of dumb luck.

The beauty about castles in the air is that they require no bills for plumbing.

Startling But True.

People the world over were horrified on learning of the burning of a Chicago theater in which nearly six hundred people lost their lives, yet more than five times this number or over 3,000 people died from pneumonia in Chicago during the same year, with scarcely a passing notice. Every one of these cases of pneumonia resulted from a cold and could have been prevented by the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. A great many who had every reason to fear pneumonia have ward it off by the prompt use of this remedy. The following is an instance of this sort: "Too much cannot be said in favor of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and especially for colds and influenza. I know that it cured my daughter, Laura, of a severe cold, and I believe saved her life when she was threatened with pneumonia." W. D. WILCOX, Logan, New York. Sold by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Pottery Mills.

SPECIAL OFFER ON PHOTOGRAPHS

For a short time we will make

$\frac{1}{3}$ Cut

on our regular \$3.00 per doz. Montello Ovals, vs; Regular Price, \$3.00—Lent Price, \$2.00 Get busy now.

W. W. SMITH
[Centre Hall Gallery]

We are now offering the finest selection of
Clothing, Hats, Neckwear,
Hosiery, etc., that can be gathered together

THE CELEBRATED CLOTHING FROM B. KUPPENHEIMER & CO.

THE SWELLEST NECKWEAR FROM J. R. KEISER.

THE NEWEST SHIRTS FROM THE MANTATTAN SHIRT CO.

THE NOBBLEST HATS FROM GUYER and NO NAME HAT CO.

THE LATEST HOSIERY FROM SIMONS-HATCH & CO.

AND ALL OTHER LINES FROM FIRST HANDS AND BEST IN THEIR LINES.

MERCHANT TAILORING OUR SPECIALTY. SUITS MADE TO ORDER FROM \$15 UP.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Have You made any
New Resolutions ?

I have. I have decided to give you the best qualities and the lowest prices possible to make, and I hope you have resolved to give me your patronage through the year.

For a New Year's Greeting I offer you a
5 lb. sack of Granulated Sugar - - - 25c
4 lb. Imported Layer Valencia Raisins - 25c
125 ozs. or 18 pieces good Laundry Soap 25c

C. W. Swartz
TUSSEYVILLE, PA.